

# PIMCO CANADA CORP.

# **Annual Report**

December 31, 2023

PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund



You can get a copy of the Fund's Management Report of Fund Performance at your request, and at no cost, by calling 866.341.3350 or by writing to us at PIMCO Canada Corp. 199 Bay Street, Suite 2050, Commerce Court Station, P.O. Box 363, Toronto, Ontario, M5L 1G2 or by visiting our website at www.pimco.ca or SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

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The accompanying financial statements of the Fund (as defined in Note 1 to the financial statements) have been prepared by PIMCO Canada Corp (the "Manager"). The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the information and representations contained in these financial statements.

The Manager maintains appropriate processes to ensure that relevant and reliable financial information is produced. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and include certain amounts that are based on estimates and judgments made by the Manager. The material accounting policies which management believes are appropriate for the Fund are described in Note 3 to the financial statements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP are the external auditors of the Fund and their report follows. They have audited the financial statements in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Auditing Standards to enable them to express to the unitholders their opinion on the financial statements.

Stuart Graham President, acting in the capacity of Chief Executive Officer PIMCO Canada Corp.

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# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Unitholders and Trustee of PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund (the Fund)

# **Our opinion**

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IFRS Accounting Standards).

## What we have audited

The Fund's financial statements comprise:

- the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022;
- the statements of comprehensive income for the years then ended;
- the statements of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units for the years then ended;
- the statements of cash flows for the years then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

## Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Annual Management Report of Fund Performance.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Patrizia Ferrari.

Pricewaterhouse Coopers U.P.

**Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants** 

Toronto, Ontario March 14, 2024

# **Statements of Financial Position PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund**

(Amounts in thousands*, except per unit amounts)	12/31/2023	12/31/2022
Assets:		
Current Assets:		
Investments, at fair value		
Investments in securities	\$ 250,871	\$ 236,100
Investments in securities, pledged as collateral for committed facility	90,290	90,114
Financial Derivative Instruments		
Exchange-traded or centrally cleared	218	134
Over the counter	7,359	353
Cash	1	0
Deposits with counterparties	5,063	18,472
Foreign currency	0	2,208
Receivable for investments sold	1,473	16,629
Receivable for swap income	1,523	162
Interest and/or dividends receivable	5,452	5,490
Other assets	0	35
	362,250	369,697
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities:		
Borrowings & Other Financing Transactions		
Payable for committed facility	42,680	64,193
Payable for master forward transactions	36,182	19,658
Financial Derivative Instruments		
Exchange-traded or centrally cleared	73	227
Over the counter	381	7,486
Payable for investments purchased	1,031	5,136
Payable for unfunded loan commitments	516	119
Deposits from counterparties	7,144	1,208
Distributions payable	1,968	1,968
Overdraft due to custodian	0	5,484
Foreign currency overdraft due to custodian, at value	280	0
Accrued management fees	468	454
Other liabilities	284	308
	91,007	106,241
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units	\$ 271,243	\$ 263,456
Number of Redeemable Units	34,476	34,476
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit	\$ 7.87	\$ 7.64

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$   $\,$  A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

# **Statements of Comprehensive Income PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund**

(Amounts in thousands*, except per unit amounts)	Year Ended 12/31/2023	Year Ended 12/31/2022
Income:		
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments and Financial Derivative Instruments		
Interest for distribution purposes	\$ 36,033	\$ 38,383
Derivative income (loss)	(3,985)	324
Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments	(8,685)	(5,985)
Net realized gain (loss) on exchange-traded or centrally cleared financial derivative instruments	905	(9,026)
Net realized gain (loss) on over the counter financial derivative instruments	(8,854)	(15,263)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	4,968	(50,214)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on exchange-traded or centrally cleared financial derivative instruments	3,984	8,383
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on over the counter financial derivative instruments	14,163	(4,023)
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments and Financial Derivative Instruments	38,529	(37,421)
Other Income (Loss)		
Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions	158	(3,098)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on translation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies	830	(342)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on translation of committed facility denominated in foreign currencies	2,999	(1,053)
Other Income (Loss)	3,987	(4,493)
Total Income (Loss)	42,516	(41,914)
Expenses:		
Management fees	5,164	6,029
IRC fees	1	1
Interest expense	5,948	2,953
Total Expenses	11,113	8,983
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units	\$ 31,403	\$ (50,897)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units Per Unit	\$ 0.91	\$ (1.48)

<sup>\*</sup> A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

# Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund

(Amounts in thousands*)	Year Ended 12/31/2023	Year Ended 12/31/2022
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at the Beginning of the Period	\$ 263,456	\$ 336,467
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units	31,403	(50,897)
Distributions to Holders of Redeemable Units:		
From net investment income	(24,189)	(22,152)
Total Distributions to Holders of Redeemable Units	(24,189)	(22,152)
Redeemable Unit Transactions:		
Proceeds from sale of redeemable units	3	0
Issued as reinvestment of distributions to holders of redeemable units	570	38
Net Increase (Decrease) from Redeemable Unit Transactions	573	38
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units for the Period	7,787	(73,011)
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at the End of the Period	\$ 271,243	\$ 263,456
Redeemable Unit Transactions Issued as reinvestment of distributions	0	3
Net Increase (Decrease) Resulting from Redeemable Unit Transactions	0	3
Redeemable Units - Beginning of Period	34,476	34,473
Redeemable Units - End of Period	34,476	34,476

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$   $\,$  A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

# **Statements of Cash Flows PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund**

(Amounts in thousands*)	Year Ended 12/31/2023	Year Ended 12/31/2022
Cash Flows from (Used for) Operating Activities:		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units	\$ 31,403	\$ (50,897)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units to Net Cash from (Used for) Operating Activities:		
Purchases of securities	(767,313)	(2,478,721)
Proceeds from sales of securities	763,088	2,527,458
(Increase) decrease in deposits with counterparties	13,409	(3,535)
(Increase) decrease in receivable for swap income	(1,361)	(162)
(Increase) decrease in interest and/or dividends receivable	38	(1,494)
Proceeds from (Payments on) exchange-traded or centrally cleared financial derivative instruments	4,651	(650)
Proceeds from (Payments on) over the counter financial derivative instruments	(8,802)	(15,231)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	35	(35)
Increase (decrease) in deposits from counterparties	5,936	800
Increase (decrease) in accrued management fees	14	(230)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(24)	212
Proceeds from (Payments on) foreign currency transactions	989	(3,484)
Net Realized (Gain) Loss		
Investments	8,685	5,985
Exchange-traded or centrally cleared financial derivative instruments	(905)	9,026
Over the counter financial derivative instruments	8,854	15,263
Foreign currency transactions	(158)	3,098
Net Change in Unrealized (Appreciation) Depreciation		
Investments	(4,968)	50,214
Exchange-traded or centrally cleared financial derivative instruments	(3,984)	(8,383)
Over the counter financial derivative instruments	(14,163)	4,023
Translation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies	(830)	342
Translation of Committed facility denominated in foreign currencies	(2,999)	1,053
Net amortization (accretion) on investments	(2,991)	(1,519)
Net Cash from (Used for) Operating Activities	28,604	53,133
Cash Flows from (Used for) Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from sale of redeemable units	3	0
Draws on committed facility	26,147	55,059
Payments on committed facility	(44,661)	(71,244)
Cash distributions paid to holders of redeemable Units	(23,619)	(27,519)
Proceeds from master forward transactions	234,957	710,091
Payments on master forward transactions	(218,433)	(734,982)
Net Cash from (Used for) Financing Activities	(25,606)	(68,595)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Foreign Currency	2,998	(15,462)
Cach (Quardraft) and Equaign Currency		
Cash (Overdraft) and Foreign Currency: Beginning of year	(3,276)	12,142
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash	(3,276)	12,142
End of year	\$ (279)	\$ (3,276)
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:		
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:		d 2.225
Interest paid from financing activities	\$ 6,835	\$ 3,032
Interest received, net of foreign withholding taxes from operating activities	\$ 32,949	\$ 35,422

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$   $\,$  A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

# Schedule of Investment Portfolio PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund

(Amounts in thousands\*, except number of shares, contracts, units and ounces, if any)

	PAR VALUE	AVERAGE COST	FAIR VALUE			PAR VALUE	AVERAGE COST	FAIR VALUE
INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES 125.8%	(000s)	(000s)	(000s)	FRANCE 2.6%		(000s)	(000s)	(000s)
ARGENTINA 1.8%				LOAN PARTICIPATIONS AND ASSIGNMEN	TS 2.6%			
SOVEREIGN ISSUES 1.8%				Comexposium				
Argentina Government International Bond 3.500% due 07/09/2041	USD 10,563	\$ 5,553	\$ 4,781	1.138% - 4.414% due 03/28/2025 Total France	EUR	5,500	\$ 5,995 5 5,995	6,975 6,975
Total Argentina		5,553	4,781	GERMANY 0.9%				
BERMUDA 0.9%				LOAN PARTICIPATIONS AND ASSIGNMENT	TS 0 9%			
CORPORATE BONDS & NOTES 0.9%				Envalior Finance GmbH	13 0.3 /0			
<b>Claveau Re Ltd.</b> 22.582% due 07/08/2028	USD 332	413	352	9.448% due 03/29/2030 10.883% due 03/29/2030	EUR USD	1,000 993	1,328 1,180 2,508	1,343 1,214 2,557
Hestia Re Ltd. 14.702% due 04/22/2025	250	312	313	Total Germany				2,337
Long Walk Reinsurance Ltd. 9.750% due 01/30/2031	250	345	331	IRELAND 3.2%  LOAN PARTICIPATIONS AND ASSIGNMENT	TS 1.5%			
<b>Sanders Re Ltd.</b> 17.092% due 04/09/2029	531	667	554	<b>NAC Aviation 29 DAC</b> 7.501% due 06/30/2026	USD	3,219	3,423	3,995
Ursa Re Ltd. 14.582% due 12/07/2026	300	408	396	NON-AGENCY MORTGAGE-BACKED SECU	RITIES 1.7	7%		
Yosemite Re Ltd.	500		330	Lansdowne Mortgage Securities PLC				
15.310% due 06/06/2025	290	367	396	4.385% due 06/15/2045	EUR	3,900	4,710	4,508
Total Bermuda		2,512	2,342	Total Ireland			8,133	8,503
BRAZIL 1.1%				ITALY 3.0%				
CORPORATE BONDS & NOTES 0.4%				CORPORATE BONDS & NOTES 3.0%				
<b>Oi SA</b> 10.000% due 07/27/2025 ^	USD 16,070	8,450	1,065	<b>Banca Monte dei Paschi di Siena SpA</b> 7.708% due 01/18/2028 8.000% due 01/22/2030	EUR	1,200 1,084	1,399 1,341	1,760 1,600
LOAN PARTICIPATIONS AND ASSIGNMENTS	S 0.7%			8.500% due 09/10/2030 10.500% due 07/23/2029		900 1,616	1,175 1,439	1,327 2,602
Oi SA TBD% - 14.000% due 09/07/2024 μ Total Brazil	1,494	2,022	1,980 3,045	Inter Media & Communication SpA 6.750% due 02/09/2027 Total Italy		600	<u>825</u> 6,179	848 8,137
CANADA 0.5%				Total Italy				0,137
LOAN PARTICIPATIONS AND ASSIGNMENTS	S 0.5%			JERSEY, CHANNEL ISLANDS 0.1%				
Gateway Casinos & Entertainment Ltd.				CORPORATE BONDS & NOTES 0.1%				
13.588% due 10/18/2027 Total Canada	\$ 1,272	1,247 1,247	1,273 1,273	Kennedy Wilson Europe Real Estate Ltd. 3.250% due 11/12/2025 Total Jersey, Channel Islands	EUR	200	<u>261</u> 261	266 266
CAYMAN ISLANDS 7.7%								
ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES 7.7%				LUXEMBOURG 7.6%		SHARES		
AIM Aviation Finance Ltd.				COMMON STOCKS 1.1%				
6.213% due 02/15/2040	USD 2,748	3,081	2,449	ADLER Group SA (c)		39,078	0	28
<b>Duke Funding Ltd.</b> 9.000% due 04/08/2039	33,720	6,523	3,067	ADLER Group SA Intelsat Emergence SA (c)		86,530 78,439	0 4,621	67 2,961
Elmwood CLO Ltd. 0.000% due 04/20/2034	3,100	3,453	3,246				4,621	3,056
Madison Park Funding Ltd. 0.000% due 07/27/2047	5,000	4,645	3,406	CORDODATE BONDE & NOTES A COV		PAR VALUE (000s)		
METAL LLC 4.581% due 10/15/2042	10,530	11,881 29,583	8,651 20,819	CORPORATE BONDS & NOTES 4.6%  Adler Financing SARL (12.500% PIK) 12.500% due 06/30/2025 (b)	ELID	3,477	4,822	5,370
			20,013	Intelsat Jackson Holdings SA	LUN	5,477	4,022	5,570
CORPORATE BONDS & NOTES 0.0%				6.500% due 03/15/2030	USD	5,695	7,065	7,207
Country Garden Holdings Co. Ltd. 3.125% due 10/22/2025 ^ Total Cayman Islands	500	522 30,105	58 20,877				11,887	12,577

		PAR VALUE (000s)	AVERAGE COST (000s)	FAIR VALUE (000s)			PAR VALUE (000s)	AVERAGE COST (000s)	FAIR VALUE (000s)
LOAN PARTICIPATIONS AND ASSIGNI	MENTS 1	.9%			TURKEY 0.6%				
Steenbok Lux Finco 1 SARL	FLID	7	f 10	¢ 10	CORPORATE BONDS & NOTES 0.6%				
10.000% due 06/30/2026 Steenbok Lux Finco 2 SARL	EUR	7	\$ 10	\$ 10	Turkish Airlines Pass-Through Trust	1150	4 260	¢ 4.470	¢ 4.500
10.000% due 06/30/2026		8,907	7,697	5,107	4.200% due 09/15/2028 Total Turkey	USD	1,260	\$ <u>1,473</u> 1,473	_ \$ <u>1,582</u> 1,582
			7,707	5,117	Total Turkey			1,473	1,362
Total Luxembourg			24,215	20,750	UKRAINE 0.1%				
MEXICO 0.6%					SOVEREIGN ISSUES 0.1%				
CORPORATE BONDS & NOTES 0.6%					<b>Ukraine Government International Bond</b> 6.876% due 05/21/2031	HCD	1 200	1,691	401
Petroleos Mexicanos	LICE	700	000	0.50	Total Ukraine	USD	1,300	1,691	401
6.700% due 02/16/2032 6.840% due 01/23/2030	USD	789 200	828 220	869 230				.,,,,	
8.750% due 06/02/2029		350	432	451	UNITED KINGDOM 7.2%				
Total Mexico			1,480	1,550	CORPORATE BONDS & NOTES 1.1%				
		SHARES			<b>Agps Bondco PLC</b> 4.625% due 01/14/2026	FLIR	2,800	1,551	1,449
NETHERLANDS 0.8%					6.000% due 08/05/2025	LOIN	2,200	1,233	1,189
COMMON STOCKS 0.0% Steinhoff International Holdings NV (c)		14,250,079	0	0	Market Bidco Finco PLC			2.40	205
		14,230,013			4.750% due 11/04/2027		300	348	395
PREFERRED SECURITIES 0.8%								3,132	3,033
Stichting AK Rabobank Certificaten 6.500% due 12/29/2049 (f)		1,456,700	2,832	2,139	LOAN PARTICIPATIONS AND ASSIGNMEN	TS 4.0%			
Total Netherlands		1,430,700	2,832	2,139	Market Bidco Ltd.	GBP	2,438	3,554	3,996
					10.042% due 11/04/2027				
		PAR VALUE (000s)			<b>Poseidon Bidco SASU</b> 9.175% due 09/30/2028	EUR	2,500	2,790	3,662
PERU 2.0%		(0003)			Softbank Vision Fund				
CORPORATE BONDS & NOTES 2.0%					5.000% due 12/21/2025	USD	2,469	3,164	3,125
Peru LNG SRL	USD	5,025	5,125	5,516				9,508	10,783
5.375% due 03/22/2030 Total Peru			5,125	5,516	NON-AGENCY MORTGAGE-BACKED SECU	RITIES 2	.1%		
Total Peru			5,125	5,510	RMAC PLC				
<b>SPAIN 4.7%</b>					10.075% due 02/15/2047 12.075% due 02/15/2047	GBP	600 1,931	1,024 3,296	1,019 3,282
ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES 1.0%					13.725% due 02/15/2047		800	1,365	1,361
Auto Abs Spanish Loans Fondo Titulia 8.115% due 02/28/2032	<b>zacion</b> EUR	716	865	1.040				5,685	5,662
Autonoria Spain FTA	EUN	/10	000	1,040	Total United Kingdom			18,325	19,478
10.876% due 01/29/2040		1,130	1,485	1,684	UNITED STATES 69.2%				
			2,350	2,724	ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES 11.6%				
		SHARES			Carvana Auto Receivables Trust				
COMMON STOCKS 0.0%		101 507	0	42	0.000% due 06/12/2028 (d)	USD	7	2,764	1,097
Promotora de Informaciones SA (c)		101,597	0	43	College Avenue Student Loans LLC 0.000% due 06/25/2052 (d)		8	2,739	3,320
		PAR VALUE			Exeter Automobile Receivables Trust				
LOAN PARTICIPATIONS AND ASSIGNI	MENTS 2	(000s)			0.000% due 05/15/2031 (d)		7	5,290	2,192
Project Quasar Pledgco SLU	EUR	2,694	3,875	3,818	First Franklin Mortgage Loan Trust 5.780% due 12/25/2036		16,413	9,797	6,424
7.083% due 03/15/2026	LUIN	2,034	5,075	3,010	6.445% due 05/25/2036		1,308	1,521	1,557
Promotora de Informaciones SA		2 200	2.005	2.200	7.795% due 05/25/2034		1,446	1,746	1,595
8.942% due 06/30/2026 9.192% due 12/31/2026		2,300 1,856	3,095 2,420	3,360 2,589	Morgan Stanley ABS Capital, Inc. Trust 6.580% due 07/25/2035		1,210	1,416	1,199
Promotora de Informaciones SA (6.94	42% Cas	h and 5.000%	% PIK)		National Collegiate Commutation Trust			,	
11.942% due 06/30/2027 (b)		278	363	375	0.000% due 03/31/2038		13,557	5,627	4,241
Total Spain			9,753 12,103	10,142 12,909	<b>PRET LLC</b> 3.721% due 07/25/2051		2,800	3,502	3,333
τοται σραπι			12,103	12,303	SLM Student Loan Trust				
					0.000% due 01/25/2042 (d)		5	3,499	1,543

# Schedule of Investment Portfolio PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund (Cont.)

	PAR VALUE (000s)	AVERAGE COST (000s)	FAIR VALUE (000s)		PAR VALUE (000s)	AVERAGE COST (000s)	
50Fi Professional Loan Program Trust 0.000% due 08/17/2043 (d)	USD 158 \$	5,081	\$ 2,638	<b>Gibson Brands, Inc.</b> 10.664% due 08/11/2028	USD 173	\$ 211	\$
Ferwin Mortgage Trust 4.180% due 07/25/2036	2,275	2,322	2,232	iHeartCommunications, Inc. 8.720% due 05/01/2026	430	471	
4. 100 /0 due 07/23/2030	2,213	45,304	31,371	Incora	1,844	2,475	
			2.72	TBD% - 13.988% due 03/01/2024	1,044	2,473	
COMMON STOCKS 5.6%	SHARES			Lifepoint Health, Inc.	400	521	
Amsurg Equity (c)	203,453	11,652	13,827	11.168% due 11/16/2028			
NAC Aviation (c)	61,833	1,835	1,366	<b>PUG LLC</b> 8.970% due 02/12/2027	1,949	2,382	
		13,487	15,193	9.720% due 02/12/2027	338	391	
	PAR VALUE (000s)			<b>Sunseeker</b> TBD% - 5.550% due 10/31/2028	2,800	3,498	
CORPORATE BONDS & NOTES 14.8%	(0003)			<b>U.S. Renal Care, Inc.</b> 10.470% due 06/20/2028	4,386	3,438	
Armor Holdco, Inc. 3.500% due 11/15/2029	USD 3,400	3,578	4,091	Windstream Services LLC 11.706% due 09/21/2027	1,571	1,893	•
Carvana Co. (12.000% PIK)	•	,	•	11.700% due 09/21/2027	1,371	25,442	2
12.000% due 12/01/2028 (b)	188	285	202			23,442	
Carvana Co. (13.000% PIK)	1.046	2.240	2.050	MUNICIPAL BONDS & NOTES 1.3%			
13.000% due 06/01/2030 (b) Carvana Co. (14.000% PIK) 14.000% due 06/01/2031 (b)	1,946 1,907	2,210	2,059	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico Bonds 0.000% due 11/01/2051	, Series 2022 4,868	2,914	
	1,907	2,131	2,042	NON-AGENCY MORTGAGE-BACKED SE	CUBITIES 26 20/		
<b>DISH Network Corp.</b> 11.750% due 11/15/2027	3,000	4,096	4,153		ECURITIES 26.3%		
ris Holdings, Inc. (8.750% Cash or 9.50 3.750% due 02/15/2026 (b)	00% PIK)	714	676	<b>BCAP LLC Trust</b> 4.456% due 03/26/2036	1,209	1,258	
LifePoint Health, Inc.				Beneria Cowen & Pritzer Collateral Fu 9.114% due 06/15/2038	anding Corp. 3,000	3,683	
9.875% due 08/15/2030	1,500	1,876	2,011	10.110% due 06/15/2038	3,000	3,683	
1.000% due 10/15/2030	370	501	517	<b>BWAY Mortgage Trust</b>			
Newfold Digital Holdings Group, Inc. 5.000% due 02/15/2029	100	101	100	0.000% due 09/15/2036 (a)	56,442	(52)	
1.750% due 10/15/2028	700	987	999	<b>BX Trust</b> 8.213% due 10/15/2036	2,700	3,327	
SVB Financial Group	400	277	420	CALI Mortgage Trust	2,700	3,327	
1.800% due 02/02/2031 ^ 2.100% due 05/15/2028 ^	499 100	377 80	439 87	3.957% due 03/10/2039	1,100	1,145	
8.125% due 06/05/2030 ^	100	78	87	Citigroup Mortgage Loan Trust		4.670	
1.345% due 04/29/2028 ^ 1.570% due 04/29/2033 ^	200 500	165 388	176 438	5.627% due 02/25/2037 6.170% due 09/25/2062	7,527 2,468	4,678 3,314	
J.S. Renal Care, Inc.				Commercial Mortgage Trust	2/ .00	5,5	
0.625% due 06/28/2028	1,050	823	1,068	7.509% due 06/15/2034	2,743	3,297	
Jniti Group LP	2.620	2 244	2.446	7.903% due 06/15/2034	2,471	2,927	
5.000% due 01/15/2030	2,638	3,344	2,446	Connecticut Avenue Securities Trust 10.837% due 12/25/2041	2,000	2,571	
<b>/enture Global LNG, Inc.</b> 9.500% due 02/01/2029	1,425	1,955	1,999	11.337% due 10/25/2041	2,800	3,463	
9.875% due 02/01/2032	475	646	656	Countrywide Alternative Loan Trust	1.550	004	
/eritas U.S., Inc.	2.720	2 020	2.000	6.250% due 06/25/2036	1,660	994	
7.500% due 09/01/2025	2,730	2,930	2,989	Countrywide Home Loan Mortgage Pa 3.164% due 02/25/2035	ass-Through Trust 2,029	2,343	
<b>Vesco Aircraft Holdings, Inc. (7.500</b> % 0.500% due 11/15/2026 ^(b)	Cash and 3.000% PIK; 7,632	9,639	9,203	DBGS Mortgage Trust	2,023	_,5 .5	
Vindstream Escrow LLC				7.509% due 06/15/2033	2,200	2,688	
7.750% due 08/15/2028	3,200	3,542	3,718	8.059% due 06/15/2033	900	1,076	
		40,446	40,156	Freddie Mac 12.337% due 12/25/2041	2,000	2,552	
OAN PARTICIPATIONS AND ASSIGNMI	ENTS 9.6%			12.837% due 10/25/2041	2,800	3,469	
Amsurg				13.137% due 11/25/2041	1,500	1,867	
uniout y	3,685	4,885	4,882	<b>Jackson Park Trust</b> 3.242% due 10/14/2039	2,000	2,321	
13.258% due 09/15/2028					2,000	2,321	
AP Core Holdings LLC				JP Morgan Chase Commercial Mortga	ae Securities Trust		
13.258% due 09/15/2028 AP Core Holdings LLC 10.970% due 09/01/2027 Diamond Sports Group LLC	1,093	1,353	1,421	JP Morgan Chase Commercial Mortga 9.326% due 03/15/2036 9.726% due 02/15/2035	nge Securities Trust 744 2,446	931 3,018	

	PAR VALUE (000s)	AVERAGE COST (000s)	FAIR VALUE (000s)
MFT Trust 3.477% due 02/10/2042	USD 5,101	\$ 5,882	\$ 2,326
Morgan Stanley Mortgage Capital Holdings 3.740% due 09/13/2039	s <b>Trust</b> 2,700	3,329	2,346
MRCD Mortgage Trust 2.718% due 12/15/2036	743	903	555
Natixis Commercial Mortgage Securities Tr 4.058% due 04/10/2037	<b>ust</b> 5,000	6,199	4,433
Seasoned Credit Risk Transfer Trust 3.074% due 05/25/2057 3.750% due 09/25/2055 4.750% due 06/25/2057 4.750% due 10/25/2058 7.764% due 03/25/2061	8,583 709 1,543 2,229 2,286	6,857 822 1,909 2,686 2,223	4,201 831 1,943 2,723 1,538
Starwood Mortgage Trust 10.426% due 04/15/2034	1,835	2,306	2,361
Washington Mutual Mortgage Pass-Throug Certificates Trust 6.668% due 08/25/2034	<b>h</b> 996	1,173 88,861	1,091 71,382
PREFERRED SECURITIES 0.0%	SHARES		
SVB Financial Group 4.000% due 05/15/2026 ^(f) 4.250% due 11/15/2026 ^(f) 4.700% due 11/15/2031 ^(f)  Total United States	100,000 100,000 26,000	16 10 4 30 216,484	1 2 1 4 187,767

	PAR VALUE (000s)	AVERAGE COST (000s)	FAIR VALUE (000s)
SHORT-TERM INSTRUMENTS 11.2%			
U.S. TREASURY BILLS 11.2%			
5.373% due 02/29/2024 (d)(e) 5.386% due 04/23/2024 (d)(e) 5.402% due 04/09/2024 (d)(e) 5.458% due 01/25/2024 (d)(e) 5.459% due 01/25/2024 (d)(e) 5.490% due 02/20/2024 (d)(e)	USD 2,300 3,200 5,200 1,100 1,600 9,700	\$ 3,087 4,174 6,972 1,519 2,205 13,270 31,227	\$ 3,022 4,172 6,793 1,452 2,113 12,761 30,313
Total Short-Term Instruments		31,227	30,313
Total Investments in Securities		387,920	 341,161
Total Investments 125.8%		\$ 387,920	\$ 341,161
Committed Facility Agreements †(g) (15 Financial Derivative Instruments (h)(i) 2. Liabilities Less Other Assets (12.7%)	,	(85)	(42,680) 7,123 (34,361)
Total Net Assets Attributable to Holders Redeemable Units 100.0%	of		\$ 271,243

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO:

- A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.
- ^ Security is in default.
- All or a portion of this amount represents unfunded loan commitments. The interest rate for the unfunded portion will be determined at the time of funding. See Note 5, Securities and Other Investments, in the Notes to Financial Statements for more information regarding unfunded loan commitments.
- † Certain securities disclosed with an aggregate value of \$90,290 are pledged as collateral for the Fund's committed facility agreement. See Note 6(a), Committed Facility, in the Notes to Financial Statements for more information.
- (a) Security is an Interest Only ("IO") or IO Strip.
- (b) Payment in-kind security.
- (c) Security did not produce income within the last twelve months.
- (d) Zero coupon security.
- (e) Coupon represents a yield to maturity.
- (f) Perpetual maturity; date shown, if applicable, represents next contractual call date.

# BORROWINGS AND OTHER FINANCING TRANSACTIONS

# (g) COMMITTED FACILITY AGREEMENTS:

Counterparty	Average Weighted Rate of Interest	Collateral Pledged	Payable for Committed Facility Agreements
BPS	6.160%	\$ 90,290	\$ (42,680)
Total Committed Facility Agreements		\$ 90,290	\$ (42,680)

# Schedule of Investment Portfolio PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund (Cont.)

# **MASTER FORWARD TRANSACTIONS:**

Counterparty	Borrowing Rate <sup>(1)</sup>	Borrowing Date	Maturity Date	Amount Borrowed (1)	Payable for Master Forward Transactions (2)
ВСҮ	6.430%	10/24/2023	01/23/2024	USD (678)	\$ (954)
	6.630	10/26/2023	01/24/2024	(1,863)	(2,602)
	6.710	10/06/2023	01/05/2024	(3,535)	(4,986)
	6.730	10/24/2023	01/23/2024	(731)	(1,055)
	6.730	10/24/2023	01/24/2024	(2,500)	(3,523)
	6.730	11/15/2023	02/13/2024	(3,802)	(5,318)
	6.740	11/17/2023	02/16/2024	(10,934)	(15,469)
	6.780	10/26/2023	01/24/2024	(1,628)	(2,275)
Total Master Forward Transactions					\$ (36,182)

<sup>(1)</sup> The average amount of borrowings outstanding during the period ended December 31, 2023 was \$(28,747) at a weighted average interest rate of 6.183%. Average borrowings may include repurchase agreements and Master Forward transactions, if held during the period.

See Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements for the summary by counterparty of the fair value of Borrowings and Other Financing Transactions and collateral pledged/(received).

# (h) FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS: EXCHANGE-TRADED OR CENTRALLY CLEARED

# **FUTURES CONTRACTS:**

		Expiration	# of	Unrealized Appreciation/	Variatio	on Margin
Description	Туре	Month	Contracts	(Depreciation)	Asset	Liability
3-Month SOFR Active Contract December Futures	Short	03/2024	10	\$ 89	\$ 0	\$ 0
3-Month SOFR Active Contract December Futures	Short	03/2025	4	20	0	0
3-Month SOFR Active Contract December Futures	Short	03/2026	5	15	0	(1)
3-Month SOFR Active Contract June Futures	Short	09/2024	6	42	0	0
3-Month SOFR Active Contract June Futures	Short	09/2025	4	14	0	(1)
3-Month SOFR Active Contract March Futures	Short	06/2024	8	65	0	0
3-Month SOFR Active Contract March Futures	Short	06/2025	4	16	0	(1)
3-Month SOFR Active Contract March Futures	Short	06/2026	5	15	0	0
3-Month SOFR Active Contract September Futures	Short	12/2024	6	35	0	(1)
3-Month SOFR Active Contract September Futures	Short	12/2025	4	12	0	(1)
Total Futures Contracts				\$ 323	\$ 0	\$ (5)

# **SWAP AGREEMENTS:**

#### INTEREST RATE SWAPS

Pay/Receive		Fixed	Maturity	Notional	Unrealized Appreciation/	Fair	Variation	n Margin
Floating Rate	Floating Rate Index	Rate	Date	Amount	(Depreciation)	Value	Asset	Liability
Pay	1-Day GBP-SONIO Compounded-OIS	5.000%	03/20/2029	GBP 4,300	\$ 2	\$ 564	\$ 0	\$ (18)
Receive	1-Day GBP-SONIO Compounded-OIS	0.750	09/21/2052	1,600	1,222	1,289	41	0
Receive	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	2.450	12/20/2024	USD 9,200	273	272	3	0
Pay	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	2.000	12/21/2024	89,100	2,071	(3,149)	0	(34)
Receive	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	2.350	01/17/2025	4,600	137	138	0	(1)
Receive	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	2.300	01/17/2026	700	30	30	0	0
Pay	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	3.510	12/21/2027	52,000	(157)	(235)	20	0
Pay	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	1.500	12/15/2028	5,000	(799)	(687)	0	0
Receive	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	3.750	06/20/2029	3,400	(2)	(87)	0	(2)
Pay	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	2.000	12/21/2029	21,900	786	(2,308)	0	(5)
Pay	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	2.000	12/21/2032	7,400	328	(1,094)	0	(8)
Receive	1-Day USD-SOFR Compounded-OIS	1.700	02/01/2052	14,000	6,244	6,336	67	0
Receive	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	0.500	09/21/2052	EUR 1,800	803	1,002	49	0
Receive	6-Month EUR-EURIBOR	0.830	12/09/2052	5,700	387	484	38	0
Total Swap	Agreements				\$ 11,325	\$ 2,555	\$ 218	\$ (68)

See Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements for the summary by counterparty of the fair value and variation margin of Exchange-Traded or Centrally Cleared Financial Derivative Instruments.

<sup>(2)</sup> Payable for Master Forward transactions includes \$(548) of deferred price drop.

# (i) FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS: OVER THE COUNTER

# FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY CONTRACTS:

	Settlement	Cur	rency to	Cur	rency to	 Appred (Depred		
Counterparty	Month	be D	Delivered	be F	Received	Asset	Lia	ability
BOA	01/2024	GBP	267	USD	339	\$ 0	\$	(2)
BPS	01/2024	EUR	37,396		41,159	0		(178)
	01/2024	GBP	5,561		7,027	0		(83)
	01/2024	USD	228	\$	301	0		(1)
	01/2024		625	EUR	564	0		(3)
CBK	01/2024	\$	435	USD	320	0		(10)
	01/2024	USD	67,912	\$	92,260	2,284		0
GLM	01/2024	\$	518	USD	387	0		(5)
	01/2024	GBP	49		62	0		(1)
	01/2024	USD	132,909	\$	180,484	4,392		0
JPM	01/2024		197		261	0		0
MBC	01/2024		822		1,084	0		(5)
TOR	01/2024	\$	1,968	USD	1,448	0		(49)
	01/2024	USD	870	\$	1,163	11		0
Total Forward Foreign Currency Contrac	ts					\$ 6,687	\$	(337)

## **SWAP AGREEMENTS:**

## CREDIT DEFAULT SWAPS ON CORPORATE ISSUES - SELL PROTECTION (1)

		Fixed	Maturity	Notional	Premiums	Unrealized Appreciation/	Swap Agreem	nents, at Value (3)
Counterpart	ty Reference Entity	Receive Rate	Date	Amount (2)	Paid/(Received)	(Depreciation)	Asset	Liability
GST	Petroleos Mexicanos	1.000%	12/20/2028	USD 200	\$ (52)	\$ 8	\$ 0	\$ (44)
JPM	Banca Monte Dei Paschi Di	5.000	06/20/2025	EUR 1,300	(33)	126	93	0
					\$ (85)	\$ 134	\$ 93	\$ (44)

Unrealized

- (1) If the Fund is a seller of protection and a credit event occurs, as defined under the terms of that particular swap agreement, the Fund will either (i) pay to the buyer of protection an amount equal to the notional amount of the swap and take delivery of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index or (ii) pay a net settlement amount in the form of cash, securities or other deliverable obligations equal to the notional amount of the swap less the recovery value of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index.
- The maximum potential amount the Fund could be required to pay as a seller of credit protection or receive as a buyer of credit protection if a credit event occurs as defined under the terms of that particular swap agreement.
- The prices and resulting values for credit default swap agreements serve as indicators of the current status of the payment/performance risk and represent the likelihood of an expected liability (or profit) for the credit derivative should the notional amount of the swap agreement be closed/sold as at the period end. Increasing fair values, in absolute terms when compared to the notional amount of the swap, represent a deterioration of the underlying referenced instrument's credit soundness and a greater likelihood or risk of default or other credit event occurring as defined under the terms of the agreement.

Countoursetu	Day/Dagaina	Hadashiya Pafayana	Financina Pata	Maturity	Notional		miums	Appr	ealized eciation/				at Value
Counterparty	Pay/Receive	Underlying Reference	Financing Rate	Date	Amount	Palu/(I	Received)	(Depr	eciation)	A	sset	Lia	bility
BPS	Pay	AP Core Holdings II, LLC	1-Month USD-LIBOR	01/31/2024	USD 30	\$	0	\$	11	\$	11	\$	0
	Pay	Gateway Casinos & Entertainment Limited	1-Month USD-LIBOR	01/24/2024	117		0		160		160		0
	Pay	LifeMiles Ltd.	1-Month USD-LIBOR	02/29/2024	152		0		166		166		0
	Pay	Syniverse Holdings, Inc.	1-Month USD-LIBOR	03/29/2024	759		0		242		242		0
						\$	0	\$	579	\$	579	\$	0
Total Swap	Agreements					\$	(85)	\$	713	\$	672	\$	(44)

See Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements for the summary by counterparty of the fair value and variation margin of OTC financial derivative instruments and collateral pledged/(received).

# Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund

(Amounts in thousands\*)

## **BORROWINGS AND OTHER FINANCING TRANSACTIONS SUMMARY**

The following is a summary by counterparty of the fair value of Borrowings and Other Financing Transactions and collateral pledged/(received) as at December 31, 2023:

Counterparty	Repu Agre Prod to	rerse rchase ement ceeds be eived	Repui	ole for rchase ments	Mas	nyable for ter Forward	Com	ayable for mitted Facility greements	Borrov Other	otal vings and Financing sactions	Pl	llateral edged/ eceived)	Exp	Net posure (2)
Global/Master Repurchase Agreement BRC	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	747	\$	747
Master Securities Forward Transaction Agreement BCY		0		0		(36,182)		0	(	36,182)		46,277		10,095
Committed Facility Agreement BPS		0		0		0		(42,680)		(42,680)		90,290		47,610
Total Borrowings and Other Financing Transactions (3)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(36,182)	\$	(42,680)						

The following is a summary by counterparty of the fair value of Borrowings and Other Financing Transactions and collateral pledged/(received) as at December 31, 2022:

Counterparty	Repui Agree Proc	erse rchase ement eeds be eived	Repui	ole for rchase ments	Mas	ayable for ter Forward ansactions	Com	ayable for mitted Facility greements	Borrov Other	otal vings and Financing sactions	P	ollateral 'ledged/ eceived)	Fxr	Net
Global/Master Repurchase Agreement	11000	ivea	rigico	incirco		unsactions		greements	Truns	Jactions	(11)	cccivca		Josuic
BRC	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(688)	\$	(688)
Master Securities Forward Transaction Agreement														
BCY		0		0		(12,002)		0	(	12,002)		16,537		4,535
UBS		0		0		(7,656)		0	,	(7,656)		9,355		1,699
Committed Codition Assessment														
Committed Facility Agreement BPS		0		0		0		(64,193)		(64,193)		90,114		25,921
Total Borrowings and Other Financing Transactions (3)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(19,658)	\$	(64,193)						

<sup>(1)</sup> Payable for Master Forward transactions includes \$(548) of deferred price drop.

# FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS: EXCHANGE-TRADED OR CENTRALLY CLEARED SUMMARY

The following is a summary of the fair value and variation margin of Exchange-Traded or Centrally Cleared Financial Derivative Instruments as at December 31, 2023:

	F	inancial De	erivative Assets		Fi	nancial Der	ivative Liabilitie	·s
	Fair Value		tion Margin Asset		Fair Value		tion Margin iability	
	Purchased Options	Futures	Swap Agreements	Total	Written Options	Futures	Swap Agreements	Total
Total Exchange-Traded or Centrally Cleared	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 218	\$ 218	\$ 0	\$ (5)	\$ (68)	\$ (73)

The following is a summary of the fair value and variation margin of Exchange-Traded or Centrally Cleared Financial Derivative Instruments as at December 31, 2022:

		Financial D	erivative Assets		F	inancial De	rivative Liabiliti	es
	Fair Value		tion Margin Asset		Fair Value		ion Margin ability	
	Purchased Options	Futures	Swap Agreements	Total	Written Options	Futures	Swap Agreements	Total
Total Exchange-Traded or Centrally Cleared	\$ 0	\$ 3	\$ 131	\$ 134	\$ 0	\$ (4)	\$ (223)	\$ (227)

<sup>\*</sup> A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

<sup>(2)</sup> Net Exposure represents the net receivable/(payable) that would be due from/to the counterparty in the event of default. Exposure from borrowings and other financing transactions can only be netted across transactions governed under the same master agreement with the same legal entity. See Note 9, Master Netting Arrangements, in the Notes to Financial Statements for more information.

<sup>(3)</sup> The amount of borrowings ranged between \$7,735 and \$42,680 for the period ended December 31, 2023 (December 31, 2022 - \$10,347 and \$80,940).

# FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS: OVER THE COUNTER SUMMARY

The following is a summary by counterparty of the fair value of OTC financial derivative instruments and collateral pledged/(received) as at December 31, 2023:

			Fina	ncial De	rivativ	e Assets				Fin	ıanci	al Der	ivative	Liabiliti	es						
Counterparty	C	orward Foreign Jurrency ontracts		chased otions		wap ements	Total ver the counter		Forw Fore Curre Contr	eign		tten		wap eements	0١	Total ver the ounter	Value	et Fair e of OTC vatives	Collat Pledg (Recei	jed/	Net Exposure (1)
BOA	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0		\$	(2)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(2)	\$	(2)	\$	0	\$ (2)
BPS		0		0		579	579		(	(265)		0		0		(265)		314	(3	331)	(17)
CBK		2,284		0		0	2,284			(10)		0		0		(10)	2	2,274	(2,6	510)	(336)
GLM		4,392		0		0	4,392			(6)		0		0		(6)	4	1,386	(4,6	91)	(305)
GST		0		0		0	0			0		0		(44)		(44)		(44)		0	(44)
JPM		0		0		93	93			0		0		0		0		93	(	(27)	66
MBC		0		0		0	0			(5)		0		0		(5)		(5)		0	(5)
TOR		11		0		0	11			(49)		0		0		(49)		(38)		0	(38)
<b>Total Over the Counter</b>	\$	6,687	\$	0	\$	672	\$ 7,359	9	5 (	(337)	\$	0	\$	(44)	\$	(381)					

The following is a summary by counterparty of the fair value of OTC financial derivative instruments and collateral pledged/(received) as at December 31, 2022:

			Finan	cial De	rivativ	e Assets				Fi	nanci	ial De	rivativ	e Liabilit	ies				
Counterparty	For Curi	ward eign rency tracts		hased ions		wap ements	0v	Total er the ounter	F C	orward oreign urrency ontracts		itten tions		Swap eements		Total over the Counter	Net Fair Value of OTC Derivatives	Collateral Pledged/ (Received)	Net Exposure (1)
BOA	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(2,003)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(2,003)	\$(2,003)	\$1,905	\$ (98)
BPS		0		0		278		278		(1,359)		0		(508)		(1,867)	(1,589)	1,124	(465)
CBK		9		0		0		9		(13)		0		0		(13)	(4)	0	(4)
JPM		1		0		2		3		(1,873)		0		0		(1,873)	(1,870)	2,221	351
RBC		1		0		0		1		(12)		0		0		(12)	(11)	0	(11)
TOR		62		0		0		62		(1,718)		0		0		(1,718)	(1,656)	1,936	280
<b>Total Over the Counter</b>	\$	73	\$	0	\$	280	\$	353	\$	(6,978)	\$	0	\$	(508)	\$	(7,486)			

<sup>(1)</sup> Net Exposure represents the net receivable/(payable) that would be due from/to the counterparty in the event of default. Exposure from OTC financial derivative instruments can only be netted across transactions governed under the same master agreement with the same legal entity. See Note 9, Master Netting Arrangements, in the Notes to Financial Statements for more information.

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# FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following is a summary of the fair valuations according to the inputs used as at December 31, 2023 in valuing the Fund's assets and liabilities:

Category and Subcategory	Lev	el 1	L	evel 2	Le	vel 3		Value at 31/2023
Investments in Securities, at Value								
Argentina	÷	0	\$	4 701	ė	0	÷	4 701
Sovereign Issues	\$	U	Þ	4,781	\$	0	\$	4,781
Bermuda		0		2 2 4 2		0		2 2 4 2
Corporate Bonds & Notes		0		2,342		0		2,342
Brazil				4.065				4.065
Corporate Bonds & Notes		0		1,065		0		1,065
Loan Participations and Assignments		0		1,980		0		1,980
Canada								4 0 7 0
Loan Participations and Assignments		0		1,273		0		1,273
Cayman Islands								
Asset-Backed Securities		0		20,819		0		20,819
Corporate Bonds & Notes		0		58		0		58
France								
Loan Participations and Assignments		0		6,975		0		6,975
Germany								
Loan Participations and Assignments		0		2,557		0		2,557
Ireland								
Loan Participations and Assignments		0		3,995		0		3,995
Non-Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities		0		4,508		0		4,508
Italy								
Corporate Bonds & Notes		0		8,137		0		8,137
Jersey, Channel Islands								
Corporate Bonds & Notes		0		266		0		266
Luxembourg								
Common Stocks		67		0		2,989		3,056
Corporate Bonds & Notes		0		12,577		0		12,577
Loan Participations and Assignments		0		5,117		0		5,117

# Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund (Cont.)

Category and Subcategory	Le	vel 1		Level 2	ı	Level 3	Fair Value at 12/31/2023		
Mexico									
Corporate Bonds & Notes	\$	0	\$	1,550	\$	0	\$	1,550	
Netherlands									
Preferred Securities		0		2,139		0		2,139	
Peru									
Corporate Bonds & Notes		0		5,516		0		5,516	
Spain		_							
Asset-Backed Securities		0		2,724		0		2,724	
Common Stocks		43		0		0		43	
Loan Participations and Assignments		0		2,964		7,178		10,142	
Turkey		•		4 500				4.500	
Corporate Bonds & Notes		0		1,582		0		1,582	
Ukraine		0		401		0		401	
Sovereign Issues		0		401		0		401	
United Kingdom		0		3,033		0		3,033	
Corporate Bonds & Notes Loan Participations and Assignments		0		3,033 7,658		3,125		3,033 10,783	
Non-Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities		0		5,662		3,123		5,662	
United States		U		3,002		U		3,002	
Asset-Backed Securities		0		20,075		11,296		31,371	
Common Stocks		0		20,073		15,193		15,193	
Corporate Bonds & Notes		0		40,156		0		40,156	
Loan Participations and Assignments		0		15,112		11,025		26,137	
Municipal Bonds & Notes		0		3,524		0		3,524	
Non-Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities		0		71,382		0		71,382	
Preferred Securities		0		4		0		4	
Short-Term Instruments		· ·		·		· ·		•	
U.S. Treasury Bills		0		30,313		0		30,313	
Total Investments	\$	110	\$	290,245	\$	50,806	\$	341,161	
Total IIIVestillents	ψ	110	Ą	230,243	Ą	30,000	Ą	341,101	
Financial Derivative Instruments - Assets									
Exchange-traded or centrally cleared		0		218		0		218	
Over the counter		0		7,359		0		7,359	
	\$	0	\$	7,577	\$	0	\$	7,577	
erte en de la section de la companya									
Financial Derivative Instruments - Liabilities		•		(72)				(72)	
Exchange-traded or centrally cleared		0		(73)		0		(73)	
Over the counter	_	0		(381)		0		(381)	
	\$	0	\$	(454)	\$	0	\$	(454)	
Total Financial Derivative Instruments									
	\$	0	\$	7,123	\$	0	\$	7,123	

The following is a summary of the fair valuations according to the inputs used as at December 31, 2022 in valuing the Fund's assets and liabilities:

Category and Subcategory	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value at 12/31/2022
Investments in Securities, at Value				
Argentina				
Sovereign Issues	\$ 0	\$ 4,101	\$ 0	\$ 4,101
Bermuda				
Corporate Bonds & Notes	0	1,871	0	1,871
Brazil				
Corporate Bonds & Notes	0	2,012	0	2,012
Canada				
Loan Participations and Assignments	0	1,271	0	1,271
Cayman Islands				
Asset-Backed Securities	0	22,100	0	22,100
Corporate Bonds & Notes	0	6,841	0	6,841
France				
Loan Participations and Assignments	0	1,083	6,576	7,659
Ireland				
Loan Participations and Assignments	0	3,829	0	3,829
Non-Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	0	3,697	0	3,697
Italy				
Corporate Bonds & Notes	0	6,111	0	6,111
Luxembourg				
Common Stocks	0	0	2,543	2,543
Corporate Bonds & Notes	0	6,913	0	6,913
Loan Participations and Assignments	0	9,262	0	9,262
Rights	0	0	75	75
Warrants	0	0	83	83

Category and Subcategory	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value at 12/31/2022		
Netherlands						
Corporate Bonds & Notes	\$ 0	\$ 413	\$ 0	\$ 413		
Preferred Securities	0	4,997	0	4,997		
Peru		•		•		
Corporate Bonds & Notes	0	5,692	0	5,692		
South Africa		, , ,		,		
Corporate Bonds & Notes	0	3,399	0	3,399		
Spain		,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Asset-Backed Securities	0	3,524	0	3,524		
Common Stocks	41	0	0	41		
Loan Participations and Assignments	0	0	10,989	10,989		
Switzerland	· ·	· ·	.0,505	.0,505		
Corporate Bonds & Notes	0	3,387	0	3,387		
Turkey	O	3,301	O	5,501		
Corporate Bonds & Notes	0	1,864	0	1,864		
Ukraine	O	1,004	U	1,004		
Sovereign Issues	0	353	0	353		
United Kingdom	U	333	U	333		
Corporate Bonds & Notes	0	351	0	351		
Loan Participations and Assignments	0	0	7,392	7,392		
United States	U	U	1,332	1,392		
Asset-Backed Securities	0	19,713	13,715	33,428		
Common Stocks	0	19,713	,	,		
		-	1,549	1,549		
Corporate Bonds & Notes	0	31,467	0	31,467		
Loan Participations and Assignments	0	23,731	6,285	30,016		
Non-Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	0	67,963	0	67,963		
Virgin Islands (British)	0	4.500	^	4.500		
Corporate Bonds & Notes	0	1,599	0	1,599		
Short-Term Instruments						
Short-Term Notes	0	6,069	0	6,069		
Canada Treasury Bills	0	3,207	0	3,207		
U.S. Treasury Bills	0	30,146	0	30,146		
Total Investments	\$ 41	\$ 276,966	\$ 49,207	\$ 326,214		
Financial Derivative Instruments - Assets						
Exchange-traded or centrally cleared	0	134	0	134		
Over the counter	0	353	0	353		
	\$ 0	\$ 487	\$ 0	\$ 487		
Financial Derivative Instruments - Liabilities						
Exchange-traded or centrally cleared	0	(227)	0	(227)		
Over the counter	0	(7,486)	0	(7,486)		
Over the counter			-			
	\$ 0	\$ (7,713)	\$ 0	\$ (7,713)		
Total Financial Derivative Instruments	\$ 0	\$ (7,226)	\$ 0	\$ (7,226)		
Totals	\$ 41	\$ 269,740	\$ 49,207	\$ 318,988		
	<del>-</del> 11	2 2001. 10	2 .5/207	¥ 5.5,500		

The following is a reconciliation of the fair valuations using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the Fund during the period ended December 31, 2023:

Category and Subcategory	В	ginning alance 2/31/2022	Net Purcha	ses	Sa	et les/ ements	Disc	rued ounts/ niums)	ılized /(Loss)	Unr Appr	Change in ealized eciation/ eciation) (1)	ers into rel 3	nsfers out Level 3	Bal	ding ance 31/2023	Net Chan Unrealiz Apprecia (Deprecia on Investr Held a 12/31/20	ized ation/ ation) ments at
Investments in Securities, a	t Valu	e															
France																	
Loan Participations and																	
Assignments	\$	6,576	\$ (	)	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	399	\$ 0	\$ (6,975)	\$	0	\$ C	J
Luxembourg																	
Common Stocks		2,543	(	)		0		0	0		446	0	0	2	989	446	δ
Rights		75	(	)		(102)		0	102		(75)	0	0		0	C	J
Warrants		83	(	)		(106)		0	106		(83)	0	0		0	C	J
Spain																	
Loan Participations and																	
Assignments		10,989	27	'	(1	,307)		0	59		374	0	(2,964)	7	178	56	5
United Kingdom																	
Loan Participations and																	
Assignments		7,392	(	)	(1	,089)		0	53		430	0	(3,661)	3,	125	(92	2)

# Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund (Cont.)

Category and Subcategory	E	eginning Balance 2/31/2022	P	Net urchases	Set	Net Sales/ ttlements	Dis	ccrued counts/ emiums)	ealized n/(Loss)	Un App	Change in realized reciation/eciation) (1)	ers into el 3	ansfers out of Level 3	Ending Balance 12/31/2023	Unrealiz Appreciat (Depreciat on Investn Held a 12/31/202	zed tion/ ition) nents
United States																
Asset-Backed Securities	\$	13,715	\$	0	\$	0	\$	451	\$ 0	\$	(2,870)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 11,296	\$ (2,87	71)
Common Stocks		1,549		11,652		0		0	0		1,992	0	0	15,193	1,99	92
Loan Participations and																
Assignments		6,285		7,361		(2,832)		0	(217)		634	0	(206)	11,025	5	58
Totals	\$	49,207	\$	19,040	\$	(5,436)	\$	451	\$ 103	\$	1,247	\$ 0	\$ (13,806)	\$ 50,806	\$ (41	11)

The following table provides information on Level 3 securities held by the Fund that were valued as of December 31, 2023. The Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input disclosed in the following table shows the directional impact (increase or decrease) to the fair value of the significant unobservable input(s) based on an increase to the corresponding input(s). A decrease to the unobservable input would have the opposite effect. Significant changes in these inputs could result in significant higher or lower fair value measurements.

					(%	Unless Noted	Otherwise)	
Category and Subcategory	В	Ending Balance 2/31/2023	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Inpu	ıt Value(s)	Weighted Average	Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input
Investments in Securities, at Value Luxembourg								
Common Stocks	\$	28	Option Pricing Model	Volatility		60.720	_	Increase
		2,961	Comparable Companies	EBITDA Multiple	Χ	4.000	_	Increase
Spain			·	·				
Loan Participations and								
Assignments		7,178	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	7.	500-8.670	8.048	Decrease
United Kingdom								
Loan Participations and								
Assignments		3,125	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate		8.800	_	Decrease
United States								
Asset-Backed Securities		11,296	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	9.5	00-20.000	13.812	Decrease
Common Stocks		13,827	Comparable Companies	EBITDA Multiple	Χ	14.500	_	Increase
		1,366	Indicative Market Quotation	Broker Quote	\$	16.667	_	Increase
Loan Participations and								
Assignments		4,882	Comparable Companies	EBITDA Multiple	Χ	14.500	_	Increase
		6,143	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	7.0	70-26.490	15.264	Decrease
Total	\$	50,806	_					

<sup>(1)</sup> Any difference between Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation/(Depreciation) and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation/(Depreciation) on Investments Held at December 31, 2023 may be due to an investment no longer held or categorized as Level 3 at period end.

The following is a reconciliation of the fair valuations using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the Fund during the period ended December 31, 2022:

Category and Subcategory	Beginning Balance at 12/31/2021	Net Purchases	Net Sales/ Settlements	Accrued Discounts/ (Premiums)	Realized Gain/(Loss)	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation) (1)	Transfers into Level 3	Transfers out of Level 3	Ending Balance at 12/31/2022	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation) on Investments Held at 12/31/2022 (1)
Investments in Securities, at Va	alue									
Canada										
Loan Participations and										
Assignments	\$ 1,305	\$ 0	\$ (16)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (18)	\$ 0	\$ (1,271)	\$ 0	\$ 0
France										
Loan Participations and										
Assignments	0	5994	0	0	0	582	0	0	6,576	582
Luxembourg										
Common Stocks	0	4,621	0	0	0	(2,078)	0	0	2,543	(2,078)
Loan Participations and										
Assignments	645	0	(645)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rights	0	0	0	0	0	75	0	0	75	75
Warrants	0	0	0	0	0	83	0	0	83	83

Category and Subcategory	Beginning Balance at 12/31/2021	Net Purchases	Net Sales/ Settlements	Accrued Discounts/ (Premiums)	Realized Gain/(Loss)	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation) (1)		Transfers out of Level 3	Ending Balance at 12/31/2022	Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation) on Investments Held at 12/31/2022 (1)
Spain										
Loan Participations and Assignments	\$ 6,818	\$ 12,070	\$ (9,151)	\$ 0	\$ 1,156	\$ 96	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 10,989	\$ 15
United Kingdom  Loan Participations and										
Assignments United States	4,429	2,789	(283)	0	(1)	458	0	0	7,392	454
Asset-Backed Securities	13,409	5,291	0	403	0	(3,247)	0	(2,141)	13,715	(2,613)
Common Stocks	0	1,899	0	0	(64)	(286)	0	0	1,549	(286)
Corporate Bonds & Notes Loan Participations and	7,197	0	(7,268)	0	0	71	0	0	0	0
Assignments	21,717	14	(14,842)	0	306	(910)	0	0	6,285	(626)
Totals	\$ 55,520	\$ 32,678	\$ (32,205)	\$ 403	\$ 1,397	\$ (5,174)	\$ 0	\$ (3,412)	\$ 49,207	\$ (4,394)

The following table provides information on Level 3 securities held by the Fund that were valued as of December 31, 2022. The Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input disclosed in the following table shows the directional impact (increase or decrease) to the fair value of the significant unobservable input(s) based on an increase to the corresponding input(s). A decrease to the unobservable input would have the opposite effect. Significant changes in these inputs could result in significant higher or lower fair value measurements.

					(%	<b>6 Unless Note</b>	d Otherwise)	
Category and Subcategory		Ending Balance 12/31/2022	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Inpu	t Value(s)	Input Value(s)	Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input
Investments in Securities, at Value								
France								
Loan Participations and	\$	6,576	Third Barty Vandar	Broker Quote	\$	82.500		Increase
Assignments Luxembourg	Þ	0,570	Third Party Vendor	Diokei Quote	Þ	62.300	_	IIICIease
Common Stocks		2,543	Indicative Market Quotation	Price		24.00	_	Increase
Rights		75	Other Valuation Techniques <sup>(2)</sup>	—		24.00	_	
Warrants		83	Other Valuation Techniques <sup>(2)</sup>	_		_	_	
Spain		03	other valdation recliniques					
Loan Participations and								
Assignments		6,390	Third Party Vendor	Broker Quote	86.0	00-99.000	92.896	Increase
3		4,599	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate		7.212	_	Decrease
United Kingdom								
Loan Participations and								
Assignments		4,270	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate		9.500	_	Decrease
		3,122	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Spread		9.080	_	Decrease
United States								
Asset-Backed Securities		13,715	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate		500-20.000	13.173	Decrease
Common Stocks Loan Participations and		1,549	Indicative Market Quotation	Price	\$	18.500	_	Increase
Assignments		3,607	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate		6.920	_	Decrease
-		2,678	Third Party Vendor	Broker Quote		74.000	_	Increase
Total	\$	49,207						

<sup>(1)</sup> Any difference between Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation/(Depreciation) and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation) on Investments Held at December 31, 2022 may be due to an investment no longer held or categorized as Level 3 at period end.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes valuation techniques not defined in the Notes to Financial Statements as securities valued using such techniques are not considered significant to the Fund.

# Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund (Cont.)

As at December 31, 2023, a 10% (December 31, 2022 - 10%) increase or decrease in the fair valuations using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) would have increased or decreased the Fund's net assets by \$5,081 (December 31, 2022 - \$4,921). In practice, the actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

# PORTFOLIO CONCENTRATION

# The Fund's investment portfolio is concentrated in the following segments as at:

Investments, at fair value	12/31/2023	12/31/2022
Argentina	1.8%	1.6%
Bermuda	0.9%	0.7%
Brazil	1.1%	0.8%
Canada	0.5%	0.5%
Cayman Islands	7.7%	11.0%
France	2.6%	2.9%
Germany	0.9%	0.0%
Ireland	3.2%	2.9%
Italy	3.0%	2.3%
Jersey, Channel Islands	0.1%	0.0%
Luxembourg	7.6%	7.1%
Mexico	0.6%	0.0%
Netherlands	0.8%	2.1%
Peru	2.0%	2.2%
South Africa	0.0%	1.3%
Spain	4.7%	5.5%
Switzerland	0.0%	1.3%
Turkey	0.6%	0.7%
Ukraine	0.1%	0.1%
United Kingdom	7.2%	2.9%
United States	69.2%	62.4%
Virgin Islands (British)	0.0%	0.6%
Short-Term Instruments	11.2%	14.9%
Financial Derivative Instruments	2.6%	(2.7)%
Liabilities Less Other Assets	(28.4)%	(21.1)%
Total (% of Net Assets)	100.0%	100.0%

# FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK

# FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

The following tables summarize the total exposure to foreign currency risk other than the functional currency held by the Fund.

As at December 31, 2023	Cui	Foreign rency and estments, at value	Forward Foreign Currency Contracts	Ex	Net xposure
British Pound	\$	7,369	\$ (9,925)	\$	(2,556)
Euro		52,555	(53,885)		(1,330)
South African Rand		716	0		716
Swiss Franc		36	0		36
United States Dollar		203,938	(201,388)		2,550
	\$	264,614	\$ (265, 198)	\$	(584)
As at December 31, 2022	Cui	Foreign rency and estments, at value	Forward Foreign Currency Contracts	Ex	Net kposure
As at December 31, 2022 British Pound	Cui	rency and estments,	Foreign Currency	<b>E</b> 2	
	Cui Inv	rency and estments, at value	Foreign Currency Contracts		kposure
British Pound	Cui Inv	rency and restments, at value (2,127)	Foreign Currency Contracts (352)		(2,479)
British Pound Euro	Cui Inv	rency and restments, at value (2,127) 44,838	Foreign Currency Contracts (352) (46,295)		(2,479) (1,457)
British Pound Euro South African Rand	Cui Inv	rency and restments, at value (2,127) 44,838 716	Foreign Currency Contracts (352) (46,295)		(2,479) (1,457) 716
British Pound Euro South African Rand Swiss Franc	Cui Inv	rency and restments, at value (2,127) 44,838 716 416	Currency Contracts (352) (46,295) 0 (421)		(2,479) (1,457) 716 (5)

As at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, if the Canadian dollar had strengthened or weakened by 5% in relation to all foreign currencies, with all other factors remaining constant, net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units could have decreased or increased by approximately \$(29) (December 31, 2022-\$(199)). In practice, actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

The following tables summarize the Fund's exposure to interest rate risk. They include the Fund's financial instruments at fair value, categorized by maturity date. Certain assets and liabilities, except for Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units that are due on demand, as presented in the Statements of Financial Position, have been aggregated for purposes of the presentation below.

As at December 31, 2023 Assets	_	ess than months	_	months - 1 year		1- 5 years	G	reater than 5 years		n-interest bearing		Total
Investments, at fair value	\$	21,941	\$	12,944	\$	101,635	\$	186,345	\$	18,296	\$	341,161
Financial Derivative Instruments		7,266		3		20		195		93		7,577
Cash and Foreign currency		0		0		0		0		1		1
Deposits with counterparties		0		0		0		0		5,063		5,063
Receivables		0		0		0		0		8,448		8,448
Total Assets	\$	29,207	\$	12,947	\$	101,655	\$	186,540	\$	31,901	\$	362,250
	_	ess than	_	months -		1- 5	G	reater than		n-interest		
As at December 31, 2023 Liabilities		months	\$	1 year	<u> </u>	years	\$	5 years		bearing	\$	Total
Borrowings & Other Financing Transactions  Financial Derivative Instruments	\$	(78,791)	<b>)</b>	(34)	\$	(1)	<b>&gt;</b>	(22)	\$	(49)	<b>&gt;</b>	(78,791)
Deposits from counterparties		(337)		(34)		(1)		(33)		(7,144)		(454)
Overdraft due to custodian		0		0		0		0		(280)		(280)
Payables		0		0		0		0		(4,338)		(4,338)
Total Liabilities	\$	(79,128)	\$	(34)	\$	(1)	\$	(33)	\$	(11,811)	\$	(91,007)
Total Liabilities	Þ	(79,120)	Þ	(34)	<b>.</b>	(1)	Þ	(33)	Þ	(11,011)	Þ	(91,007)
As at December 31, 2022 Assets		ess than months		months -		1- 5 years	G	reater than 5 years		n-interest bearing		Total
Investments, at fair value	\$	39,422	\$	10,720	\$	75,759	\$	191,024	\$	9,289	\$	326,214
Financial Derivative Instruments		351		0		14		118		4		487
Cash and Foreign currency		0		0		0		0		2,208		2,208
Deposits with counterparties		0		0		0		0		18,472		18,472
Receivables		0		0		0		0		22,281		22,281
Other assets		0		0		0		0		35		35
Total Assets	\$	39,773	\$	10,720	\$	75,773	\$	191,142	\$	52,289	\$	369,697
	L	ess than	3	months -		1- 5	Gi	reater than	No	n-interest		
As at December 31, 2022 Liabilities		months		1 year		years		5 years		bearing		Total
Borrowings & Other Financing Transactions	\$	(83,851)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(83,851)
Financial Derivative Instruments		(7,485)		0		(111)		(102)		(15)		(7,713)
Deposits from counterparties		0		0		0		0		(1,208)		(1,208)
Overdraft due to custodian		0		0		0		0		(5,484)		(5,484)
Payables		0		0		0		0		(7,985)		(7,985)
Total Liabilities	\$	(91,336)	\$	0	\$	(111)	\$	(102)	\$	(14,692)	\$	(106,241)

As at December 31, 2023, had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, with all other variables held constant, net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units would have decreased or increased, by approximately \$11,411 or 4.2% (December 31, 2022 -\$13,654 or 5.2%) of total net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units. The Fund's sensitivity to interest rate changes was estimated using the weighted average duration of the debt instruments. In practice, actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

As at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Fund is not exposed to significant other price risk as the Fund primarily holds debt securities.

# Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund (Cont.)

#### LIQUIDITY RISK

The following tables summarize the liabilities of the Fund by contractual payment dates of those liabilities, except for Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units that are due on demand: less than three months, three months to one year, and greater than one year, if applicable.

As at December 31, 2023 Current Liabilities	_	ess than months	3 months - 1 year	Greater than 1 year	Total
Borrowings & Other Financing Transactions	\$	78,791	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 78,791
Financial Derivative Instruments		385	34	35	454
Payable for investments purchased		1,102	0	0	1,102
Payable for unfunded loan commitments		516	0	0	516
Deposits from counterparties		7,144	0	0	7,144
Distributions payable		1,968	0	0	1,968
Foreign currency overdraft due to custodian, at value		280	0	0	280
Accrued management fees		468	0	0	468
Other liabilities		284	0	0	284
Total Liabilities	\$	90,938	\$ 34	\$ 35	\$ 91,007
	١.				
As at December 31, 2022 Current Liabilities	_	ess than months	3 months - 1 year	Greater than 1 year	Total
As at December 31, 2022 Current Liabilities Borrowings & Other Financing Transactions	_				\$ <b>Total</b> 83,851
·	3	months	1 year	1 year	\$ 
Borrowings & Other Financing Transactions	3	83,851	<b>1 year</b> \$ 0	<b>1 year</b> \$ 0	\$ 83,851
Borrowings & Other Financing Transactions Financial Derivative Instruments	3	83,851 7,713	1 year \$ 0 0	<b>1 year</b> \$ 0 0	\$ 83,851 7,713
Borrowings & Other Financing Transactions Financial Derivative Instruments Payable for investments purchased	3	83,851 7,713 5,136	1 year \$ 0 0	1 year \$ 0 0 0	\$ 83,851 7,713 5,136
Borrowings & Other Financing Transactions Financial Derivative Instruments Payable for investments purchased Payable for unfunded loan commitments	3	83,851 7,713 5,136 119	1 year \$ 0 0 0	1 year \$ 0 0 0	\$ 83,851 7,713 5,136 119
Borrowings & Other Financing Transactions Financial Derivative Instruments Payable for investments purchased Payable for unfunded loan commitments Deposits from counterparties	3	months 83,851 7,713 5,136 119 1,208	1 year \$ 0 0 0 0	1 year \$ 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 83,851 7,713 5,136 119 1,208
Borrowings & Other Financing Transactions Financial Derivative Instruments Payable for investments purchased Payable for unfunded loan commitments Deposits from counterparties Distributions payable	3	months 83,851 7,713 5,136 119 1,208 1,968	1 year \$ 0 0 0 0 0	1 year \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 83,851 7,713 5,136 119 1,208 1,968
Borrowings & Other Financing Transactions Financial Derivative Instruments Payable for investments purchased Payable for unfunded loan commitments Deposits from counterparties Distributions payable Overdraft due to custodian	3	months 83,851 7,713 5,136 119 1,208 1,968 5,484	1 year \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 year \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 83,851 7,713 5,136 119 1,208 1,968 5,484

# **CREDIT RISK**

The following tables summarize the credit rating composition for the Fund's financial instruments.

	As at December 31, 2023	As at December 31, 2022
Investment Grade	21%	25%
Below Investment Grade	79%	75%
Not Rated	0%	0%
Total (% of Investments and Financial Derivative Instruments)	100%	100%

Credit ratings are obtained from Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"), Moody's Investors Services, Inc. ("Moody's"), Fitch Ratings, Inc. ("Fitch"), and/or, DBRS Limited ("DBRS"). Where more than one rating is obtained for a security, the highest rating has been used. If an instrument is unrated by all agencies, an internal credit rating is assigned. Below Investment Grade are those rated lower than Baa3 by Moody's, BAA- by internal rating, BBB- by S&P, Fitch, and BBBL by DBRS.

## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund (the "Fund") was established as a closed-end investment fund under the laws of the Province of Ontario and is governed by the terms of a Trust Agreement. The Fund was established on April 30, 2021 and commenced operations on June 17, 2021.

The financial statements of the Fund include the Statements of Financial Position as at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, and the Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units and Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

PIMCO Canada Corp. ("PIMCO Canada") is the investment fund manager and portfolio adviser of the Fund (the "Manager"), Pacific Investment Management Company LLC ("PIMCO") is the sub-adviser and State Street Trust Company Canada is the trustee and custodian of the Fund. These financial statements were authorized for issue by PIMCO Canada on March 14, 2024.

The Fund's investment objectives are to provide unitholders (the "Unitholders") with current income as primary objective and capital appreciation as secondary objective, through various market cycles, by utilizing a dynamic asset allocation strategy among multiple sectors in the global credit markets, including corporate debt, mortgage-related and other asset-backed securities, government and sovereign debt, taxable municipal bonds, other fixed-, variable- and floating-rate income-producing securities of U.S. and global issuers, including emerging market issuers, and real estate-related investments.

The Fund has a limited term and is currently scheduled to terminate as of the first business day following the twelfth anniversary of the date of the Fund's initial prospectus, which the Fund currently expects to occur on or about May 26, 2033 (the "Termination Date"); provided that the Manager may, in its sole discretion and upon not less than 10 days prior written notice to Unitholders, extend the Termination Date (i) once for up to one year, and (ii) once for up to an additional six months, to a date up to and including the eighteenth month after the initial Termination Date, which date shall then become the Termination Date, or (iii) provided that the Fund provides holders of Class A Units with a one-time redemption right at a redemption price per Class A Unit equal to the Net Asset Value per Class A Unit on May 26, 2033 (or as such date may be extended pursuant to (i) and (ii) above), less any costs associated with the redemption, including commissions, if any, to fund such redemption, extend the Termination Date indefinitely.

# 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IFRS Accounting Standards"), and under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities (including financial derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

Foreign (non-Canadian) securities in this report are classified by the country of incorporation of a holding. In certain instances, a security's country of incorporation may be different from its country of economic exposure.

## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The following is a summary of the material accounting policy information and estimation techniques adopted by the Fund and applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

(a) Securities Transactions and Investment Income Securities transactions are recorded as of the trade date for financial reporting purposes. Securities purchased or sold on a when-issued or delayed-delivery basis may be settled beyond a standard settlement period for the security after the trade date. Realized and unrealized gains (losses) are recorded on an average cost basis. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date, except certain dividends from foreign securities where the ex-dividend date may have passed, which are recorded as soon as the Fund is informed of the ex-dividend date. The interest for distribution purposes shown on the Statements of Comprehensive Income represents the coupon interest on debt instruments accounted for on an accrual basis, except for zero-coupon bonds which are

amortized. Income and capital gain distributions from underlying funds are recognized on the ex-date on an accrual basis. Distributions classified as a tax basis return of capital at a Fund's taxation year-end, if applicable, are reflected on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units. Distributions received from underlying funds that were treated as a return of capital, if applicable, would be recorded as an adjustment to the Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments in Underlying Funds on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Distributions received from the Fund or underlying funds as a return of capital are recorded as a reduction of the Unitholder's adjusted cost base of the investment. For convertible securities, premiums attributable to the conversion feature are not amortized. Estimated withholding tax liabilities on certain foreign securities are recorded on an accrual basis and are reflected as expenses on the Statements of Comprehensive Income, as appropriate. Paydown gains (losses) on mortgage-related and other asset-backed securities, if any, are recorded as components of interest for distribution purposes on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Debt obligations may be placed on non-accrual status and related interest income may be reduced by ceasing current accruals and writing off interest receivable when the collection of all or a portion of interest has become doubtful based on consistently applied procedures. A debt obligation is removed from non-accrual status when the issuer resumes interest payments or when collectability of interest is probable. A debt obligation may be granted, in certain situations, a contractual or non-contractual forbearance for interest payments that are expected to be paid after agreed upon pay dates.

- **(b) Transaction Costs** Transaction costs, such as brokerage commissions incurred in the purchase and sale of securities by the Fund, are recognized as an expense in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of an investment, which include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisors, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties.
- (c) Cash and Foreign Currency The functional and presentation currency for the Fund is the Canadian dollar. The fair values of foreign securities, currency holdings and other assets and liabilities, if any, are translated into Canadian dollars based on the current exchange rates each business day. Fluctuations in the value of currency holdings and other assets and liabilities resulting from changes in exchange rates are recorded as unrealized foreign currency gains (losses). Realized gains (losses) and changes in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investment securities and income and expenses are translated on the respective dates of such transactions. The effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on investments in securities are not segregated on the Statements of Comprehensive Income from the effects of changes in fair values of those securities, but are included with the net realized gains (losses) and changes in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investment securities.
- (d) Change in Unrealized Appreciation and Depreciation of **Investments** The change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments represents the aggregate of the difference between their average cost and fair value between the periods ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022.
- (e) Increase or Decrease in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units Per Unit Increase or decrease in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units Per Unit on the Statements of Comprehensive Income represents the net increase or decrease in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units for the period divided by the weighted average units outstanding during the period.
- (f) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments The Fund earns investment returns in Canadian dollars (CAD), United States dollars (USD) and to a lesser extent in other foreign currencies based on the investments held. Expenses incurred by the Fund are in CAD. Because the Fund does not earn returns solely in CAD, the primary indicators of functional currency are viewed to be mixed and secondary indicators have been considered. The Fund's subscriptions and redemptions of the redeemable units are denominated in CAD and the performance is measured and reported to the holders of redeemable units in CAD. The Manager considers CAD as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions,

events and conditions. The financial statements for the Fund are therefore presented in CAD, which is the functional and presentation currency.

(g) Classification of Financial Assets and Liabilities In classifying and measuring financial instruments held by the Fund, the Manager is required to make significant judgments in determining the most appropriate classification in accordance with IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'. In making this judgment, the Manager has assessed the Fund's business model for managing the portfolio and the contractual cash flow characteristics and determined that investments are managed on a fair value basis, and that fair value is used to assess performance and make investment decisions. The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities and instruments are solely principal and interest, however, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objectives. Consequently, all investments and financial derivative instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Accordingly, the Manager has determined that FVTPL in accordance with IFRS 9 provides the most appropriate measurement and presentation of the Fund's investments.

(h) Reconciliation of net asset value ("NAV") per Unit and Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit The accounting policies for measuring the fair value of the Fund's investments and financial derivative instruments are substantially similar to those used in measuring their NAV for transactions with Unitholders. The NAV is the value of the total assets of the Fund less the value of its total liabilities determined, on each valuation day, in accordance with Part 14 of National Instrument 81-106 Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure for the purpose of processing the unitholder transactions. Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units, refers to net assets calculated in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards. As at all dates presented, there were no material differences between the Fund's NAV per unit and Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per unit.

**(i) Offsetting Financial Instruments** Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statements of Financial Position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**(j) Changes in Accounting Policy Information and Disclosures** Effective January 1, 2023, the Fund adopted the following new and amended accounting standards: Disclosure of Accounting Policies — Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2. Effective January 1, 2023, the Fund adopted the IAS 1 amendment with regards to disclosure of material accounting policies. This amendment did not have a material impact on these financial statements. There are no other standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

# 4. INVESTMENT VALUATION AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

**(a) Investment Valuation Policies** The NAV per unit of the Fund is determined by dividing the total value of portfolio investments and other assets, less any liabilities attributable to the Fund, by the total number of units outstanding of the Fund.

On each day that the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") is open, Fund units are ordinarily valued as of the close of regular trading ("TSX Close"). Information that becomes known to the Fund or its agents after the time as of which NAV has been calculated on a particular day will not generally be used to retroactively adjust the price of a security or the NAV determined earlier that day.

For purposes of calculating NAV, portfolio securities and other assets for which market quotations are readily available are valued at fair value. A market quotation is readily available only when that quotation is a quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for identical investments that the Fund can access at the measurement date, provided that a quotation will not be readily available if it is not reliable. Fair value is generally determined on the basis of

official closing prices or the last reported sales prices. The Fund will normally use pricing data for domestic equity securities received shortly after the TSX Close and does not normally take into account trading, clearances or settlements that take place after the TSX Close. Investments for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at fair value as determined in good faith at the Manager or persons acting at their direction. As a general principle, the fair value of a security or other asset is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Manager has adopted methods for valuing securities and other assets in circumstances where market quotes are not readily available, and has the responsibility for applying the fair valuation methods. The Manager may value Fund portfolio securities for which market quotations are not readily available and other Fund assets utilizing inputs from pricing services, quotation reporting systems, valuation agents and other third-party sources (together, "Pricing Sources"). A foreign (non-Canadian) equity security traded on a foreign exchange or on more than one exchange is typically valued using pricing information from the exchange considered by PIMCO to be the primary exchange. If market value pricing is used, a foreign (non-Canadian) equity security will be valued as of the close of trading on the foreign exchange, or the TSX Close, if the TSX Close occurs before the end of trading on the foreign exchange. The Fund uses the last traded market price for both financial assets and liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, management determines the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Domestic and foreign (non-Canadian) fixed income securities, non-exchange traded derivatives, and equity options are normally valued on the basis of quotes obtained from brokers and dealers or Pricing Sources using such data reflecting the principal markets for those securities. Prices obtained from Pricing Sources may be based on, among other things, information provided by market makers or estimates of fair values obtained from yield data relating to investments or securities with similar characteristics. Certain fixed income securities purchased on a delayed-delivery basis are marked to market daily until settlement at the forward settlement date. Exchange-traded options, except equity options, futures and options on futures are valued at the settlement price determined by the relevant exchange, quotes obtained from a quotation reporting system, established market makers or Pricing Sources. Swap agreements are valued on the basis of market-based prices supplied by Pricing Sources or quotes obtained from brokers and dealers. The Fund's investments in open-end management investment companies, other than exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), are valued at the NAVs of such investments.

If a foreign (non-Canadian) equity security's value has materially changed after the close of the security's primary exchange or principal market but before the TSX Close, the security may be valued at fair value based on procedures established and approved by the Valuation Committee of PIMCO or persons acting at their direction. Foreign (non-Canadian) equity securities that do not trade when the TSX is open are also valued at fair value. With respect to foreign (non-Canadian) equity securities, the Fund may determine the fair value of investments based on information provided by Pricing Sources, which may recommend fair value or adjustments with reference to other securities, indexes or assets. In considering whether fair valuation is required and in determining fair values, the Manager may, among other things, consider significant events (which may be considered to include changes in the value of Canadian securities or securities indexes) that occur after the close of the relevant market and before the TSX Close. The Fund may utilize modeling tools provided by third-party vendors to determine fair values of non-Canadian securities. Foreign exchanges may permit trading in foreign (non-Canadian) equity securities on days when the Fund is not open for business, which may result in the Fund's portfolio investments being affected when Unitholders are unable to buy or sell units.

Senior secured floating rate loans for which an active secondary market exists to a reliable degree will be valued at the mean of the last available bid/ask prices in the market for such loans, as provided by a Pricing Source. Senior secured floating rate loans for which an active secondary market does not exist to a reliable degree will be valued at fair value. In valuing a senior secured

floating rate loan at fair value, the factors considered may include, but are not limited to, the following: (a) the creditworthiness of the borrower and any intermediate participants, (b) the terms of the loan, (c) recent prices in the market for similar loans, if any, and (d) recent prices in the market for instruments of similar quality, rate, period until next interest rate reset and maturity.

Investments valued in currencies other than the functional currency of the Fund are converted to the functional currency using exchange rates obtained from Pricing Sources. As a result, the value of such investments and, in turn, the NAV of the Fund's units may be affected by changes in the value of currencies in relation to the functional currency. The value of investments traded in foreign markets or denominated in currencies other than the functional currency may be affected significantly on a day that the Fund is not open for business. As a result, to the extent that the Fund holds foreign (non-Canadian) investments, the value of those investments may change at times when Unitholders are unable to buy or sell units and the value of such investments will be reflected in the Fund's next calculated NAV.

Fair valuation may require subjective determinations about the value of a security. While the Fund's policies and procedures are intended to result in a calculation of the Fund's NAV that fairly reflects security values as of the time of pricing, the Fund cannot ensure that fair values determined by the Manager or persons acting at their direction would accurately reflect the price that the Fund could obtain for a security if it were to dispose of that security as of the time of pricing (for instance, in a forced or distressed sale). The prices used by the Fund may differ from the value that would be realized if the securities were sold.

**(b) Fair Value Hierarchy** IFRS Accounting Standards describes fair value as the price that the Fund would receive to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation methods and requires disclosure of the fair value hierarchy, separately for each major category of assets and liabilities, that segregates fair value measurements into levels (Level 1, 2 or 3). The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. Levels 1, 2 and 3 of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets or exchanges for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 Significant other observable inputs, which may include, but are not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market corroborated inputs.
- Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available, which may include assumptions made by the Manager or persons acting at their direction that are used in determining the fair value of investments.

Assets or liabilities categorized as Level 2 or 3 as of period end have been transferred between Levels 2 and 3 since the prior period due to changes in the method utilized in valuing the investments. Transfers from Level 2 to Level 3 are a result of a change, in the normal course of business, from the use of methods used by Pricing Sources (Level 2) to the use of a Broker Quote or valuation technique or through asset restructuring which utilizes significant unobservable inputs due to an absence of current or reliable market-based data (Level 3). Transfers from Level 3 to Level 2 are a result of the availability of current and reliable market-based data provided by Pricing Sources or other valuation techniques which utilize significant observable inputs. In accordance

with the requirements of IFRS Accounting Standards the amounts of transfers between Levels 1 and 2 and transfers into and out of Level 3, if significant, are disclosed in the Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements for the Fund.

For fair valuations using significant unobservable inputs, IFRS Accounting Standards requires a reconciliation of the beginning to ending balances for reported fair values that presents changes attributable to realized gains (losses), unrealized appreciation (depreciation), purchases and sales, accrued discounts (premiums), and transfers into and out of the Level 3 category during the period. The end of period value is used for the transfers between Levels of the Fund's assets and liabilities. Additionally, IFRS Accounting Standards requires quantitative information regarding the significant unobservable inputs used in the determination of fair value of assets or liabilities categorized as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. In accordance with the requirements of IFRS Accounting Standards, a fair value hierarchy, and if material, a Level 3 reconciliation, and details of significant unobservable inputs, have been included in the Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements for the Fund.

(c) Valuation Techniques and the Fair Value Hierarchy
Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 trading assets and trading liabilities, at
fair value The valuation methods (or "techniques") and significant inputs
used in determining the fair values of portfolio securities or other assets and
liabilities categorized as Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy
are as follows:

Fixed income securities including corporate, convertible and municipal bonds and notes, U.S. or Canadian government agencies, U.S. or Canadian treasury obligations, sovereign issues, bank loans, convertible preferred securities, non-Canadian bonds, and short-term debt instruments (such as commercial paper, time deposits, and certificates of deposit) are normally valued on the basis of quotes obtained from brokers and dealers or Pricing Sources that use broker-dealer quotations, reported trades or valuation estimates from their internal pricing models. The Pricing Sources' internal models use inputs that are observable such as issuer details, interest rates, yield curves, prepayment speeds, credit risks/spreads, default rates and quoted prices for similar assets. Securities that use similar valuation techniques and inputs as described above are categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Mortgage-related and asset-backed securities are usually issued as separate tranches, or classes, of securities within each deal. These securities are also normally valued by Pricing Sources that use broker-dealer quotations, reported trades or valuation estimates from their internal pricing models. The pricing models for these securities usually consider tranche-level attributes, current market data, estimated cash flows and market-based yield spreads for each tranche, and incorporate deal collateral performance, as available. Mortgage-related and asset-backed securities that use similar valuation techniques and inputs as described above are categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Common stocks, ETFs, exchange-traded notes and financial derivative instruments, such as futures contracts, rights and warrants, or options on futures that are traded on a national securities exchange, are stated at the last reported sale or settlement price on the day of valuation. To the extent these securities are actively traded and valuation adjustments are not applied, they are categorized as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Valuation adjustments may be applied to certain securities that are solely traded on a foreign exchange to account for the market movement between the close of the foreign market and the TSX Close. These securities are valued using Pricing Sources that consider the correlation of the trading patterns of the foreign security to the intraday trading in the Canadian markets for investments. Securities using these valuation adjustments are categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Preferred securities and other equities traded on inactive markets or valued by reference to similar instruments are also categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Valuation adjustments may be applied to certain exchange traded futures and options to account for market movement between the exchange settlement and

# Notes to Financial Statements (Cont.)

the TSX close. These securities are valued using quotes obtained from a quotation reporting system, established market makers or Pricing Sources. Financial derivatives using these valuation adjustments are categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Investments in registered open-end investment companies (other than ETFs) will be valued based upon the NAVs of such investments and are categorized as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. Investments in unregistered open-end investment companies will be calculated based upon the NAVs of such investments and are considered Level 1 provided that the NAVs are observable, calculated daily and are the value at which both purchases and sales will be conducted. Investments in privately held investment funds with significant restrictions on redemption where the inputs to the NAVs are observable will be valued based upon the NAVs of such investments and are categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Equity exchange-traded options and over the counter financial derivative instruments, such as forward foreign currency contracts and options contracts, derive their value from underlying asset prices, indexes, reference rates, and other inputs or a combination of these factors. These contracts are normally valued on the basis of quotes obtained from a quotation reporting system, established market makers or Pricing Sources (normally determined as of the TSX Close). Depending on the product and the terms of the transaction, financial derivative instruments can be valued by Pricing Sources using a series of techniques, including simulation pricing models. The pricing models use inputs that are observed from actively quoted markets such as quoted prices, issuer details, indexes, bid/ask spreads, interest rates, implied volatilities, yield curves, dividends and exchange rates. Financial derivative instruments that use similar valuation techniques and inputs as described above are categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Centrally cleared swaps and over the counter swaps derive their value from underlying asset prices, indexes, reference rates, and other inputs or a combination of these factors. They are valued using a broker-dealer bid quotation or on market-based prices provided by Pricing Sources or other pricing sources (normally determined as of the TSX close). Centrally cleared swaps and over the counter swaps can be valued by Pricing Sources using a series of techniques, including simulation pricing models. The pricing models may use inputs that are observed from actively quoted markets such as the overnight index swap rate ("OIS"), London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") forward rate, interest rates, yield curves and credit spreads. These securities are categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

When a fair valuation method is applied by PIMCO that uses significant unobservable inputs, investments will be priced by a method that the Manager or persons acting at their direction believe reflects fair value and are categorized as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Proxy pricing procedures set the base price of a fixed income security and subsequently adjust the price proportionally to fair value changes of a predetermined security deemed to be comparable in duration, generally a U.S. Treasury or sovereign note based on country of issuance. The base price may be a broker-dealer quote, transaction price, or an internal value as derived by analysis of market data. The base price of the security may be reset on a periodic basis based on the availability of market data and procedures approved by the Valuation Oversight Committee. Significant changes in the unobservable inputs of the proxy pricing process (the base price) would result in direct and proportional changes in the fair value of the security. These securities are categorized as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

If third-party evaluated vendor pricing is not available or not deemed to be indicative of fair value, the Manager may elect to obtain Broker Quotes directly from the broker-dealer or passed through from a third-party vendor. In the event that fair value is based upon a single sourced Broker Quote, these securities are categorized as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Broker Quotes are typically received from established market participants. Although independently received, the Manager does not have the transparency to view the underlying inputs which support the market quotation. Significant changes in the Broker Quote would have direct and proportional changes in the fair value of the security.

The Discounted Cash Flow model is based on future cash flows generated by the investment and may be normalized based on expected investment performance. Future cash flows are discounted to present value using an appropriate rate of return, typically calibrated to the initial transaction date and adjusted based on Capital Asset Pricing Model and/or other market-based inputs. Significant changes in the unobservable inputs would result in direct and proportional changes in the fair value of the security. These securities are categorized as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Option Pricing Model is a commonly accepted method of allocating enterprise value across a capital structure. The method may be utilized when a capital structure includes multiple instruments with varying rights and preferences, there is no short term exit horizon, the nature of an exit event is unknown, or if the enterprise value is not sufficient to cover outstanding debt and preferred claims. The Option Pricing Model can also be used as a method to estimate enterprise value by 'back-solving' if there are recent indicative transactions for securities with the same issuer. The Option Pricing Model uses Black-Scholes option pricing, a generally accepted option model typically used to value call options, puts, warrants, and convertible preferred securities. Significant changes in unobservable inputs would result in direct changes in the fair value of the security. These securities are categorized as level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Securities may be valued based on purchase prices of privately negotiated transactions. Significant changes in the unobservable inputs would result in direct and proportional changes in the fair value of the security. These securities are categorized as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Market comparable valuation estimates fair value by applying a valuation multiple to a key performance metric of the company, which may include unobservable inputs such as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), the Manager's assumptions regarding comparable companies and non-public statements from the underlying company. Significant changes in the unobservable inputs would result in direct and proportional changes in the fair value of the security. These securities are categorized as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Short-term debt instruments (such as commercial paper, time deposits, and certificates of deposit) having a remaining maturity of 60 days or less may be valued at amortized cost, so long as the amortized cost value of such short-term debt instruments is approximately the same as the fair value of the instrument as determined without the use of amortized cost valuation. These securities are categorized as Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy depending on the source of the base price.

# 5. SECURITIES AND OTHER INVESTMENTS

# **Investments in Securities**

Loan Participations, Assignments and Originations The Fund may invest in direct debt instruments which are interests in amounts owed to lenders or lending syndicates by corporate, governmental, or other borrowers. The Fund's investments in loans may be in the form of participations in loans or assignments of all or a portion of loans from third parties or investments in or originations of loans by the Fund. A loan is often administered by a bank or other financial institution (the "lender") that acts as agent for all holders. The agent administers the terms of the loan, as specified in the loan agreement. The Fund may invest in multiple series or tranches of a loan, which may have varying terms and carry different associated risks. When the Fund purchases assignments from lenders it acquires direct rights against the borrowers of the loans. These loans may include participations in bridge loans, which are loans taken out by borrowers for a short period (typically less than one year) pending arrangement of more permanent financing through, for example, the issuance of bonds, frequently high yield bonds issued for the purpose of acquisitions.

The types of loans and related investments in which the Fund may invest include, among others, senior loans, subordinated loans (including second lien loans, B-Notes and mezzanine loans), whole loans, commercial real estate and other commercial loans and structured loans. The Fund may originate loans or

acquire direct interests in loans through primary loan distributions and/or in private transactions. In the case of subordinated loans, there may be significant indebtedness ranking ahead of the borrower's obligation to the holder of such a loan, including in the event of the borrower's insolvency. Mezzanine loans are typically secured by a pledge of an equity interest in the mortgage borrower that owns the real estate rather than an interest in a mortgage.

Investments in loans may include unfunded loan commitments, which are contractual obligations for funding. Unfunded loan commitments may include revolving credit facilities, which may obligate the Fund to supply additional cash to the borrower on demand. Unfunded loan commitments represent a future obligation in full, even though a percentage of the committed amount may not be utilized by the borrower. When investing in a loan participation, the Fund has the right to receive payments of principal, interest and any fees to which it is entitled only from the lender selling the loan agreement and only upon receipt of payments by the lender from the borrower. The Fund may receive a commitment fee based on the undrawn portion of the underlying line of credit portion of a loan. In certain circumstances, the Fund may receive a penalty fee upon the prepayment of a loan by a borrower. Fees earned or paid are recorded as a component of interest for distribution purposes or interest expense, respectively, on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Unfunded loan commitments are reflected as a liability on the Statements of Financial Position.

Mortgage-Related and Other Asset-Backed Securities The Fund may invest in mortgage-related and other asset-backed securities that directly or indirectly represent a participation in, or are secured by and payable from, loans on real property. Mortgage-related securities are created from pools of residential or commercial mortgage loans, including mortgage loans made by savings and loan institutions, mortgage bankers, commercial banks and others. These securities provide a monthly payment which consists of both interest and principal. Interest may be determined by fixed or adjustable rates. The rate of prepayments on underlying mortgages will affect the price and volatility of a mortgage-related security, and may have the effect of shortening or extending the effective duration of the security relative to what was anticipated at the time of purchase. The timely payment of principal and interest of certain mortgage-related securities is guaranteed with the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. Pools created and guaranteed by non-governmental issuers, including government-sponsored corporations, may be supported by various forms of insurance or guarantees, but there can be no assurance that private insurers or guarantors can meet their obligations under the insurance policies or guarantee arrangements. Many of the risks of investing in mortgage-related securities secured by commercial mortgage loans reflect the effects of local and other economic conditions on real estate markets, the ability of tenants to make lease payments, and the ability of a property to attract and retain tenants. These securities may be less liquid and may exhibit greater price volatility than other types of mortgage-related or other asset-backed securities. Other asset-backed securities are created from many types of assets, including, but not limited to, auto loans, accounts receivable, such as credit card receivables and hospital account receivables, home equity loans, student loans, boat loans, mobile home loans, recreational vehicle loans, manufactured housing loans, aircraft leases, computer leases and syndicated bank loans.

Collateralized Debt Obligations ("CDOs") include Collateralized Bond Obligations ("CBOs"), Collateralized Loan Obligations ("CLOs") and other similarly structured securities. CBOs and CLOs are types of asset-backed securities. A CBO is a trust which is backed by a diversified pool of high risk, below investment grade fixed income securities. A CLO is a trust typically collateralized by a pool of loans, which may include, among others, domestic and foreign senior secured loans, senior unsecured loans, and subordinate corporate loans, including loans that may be rated below investment grade or equivalent unrated loans. The risks of an investment in a CDO depend largely on the type of the collateral securities and the class of the CDO in which the Fund invests. CDOs carry additional risks including, but not limited to, (i) the possibility that distributions from collateral securities will not be adequate to make interest or other payments, (ii) the quality of the collateral may decline in value or default, (iii) the Fund may invest in CBOs, CLOs, or other CDOs that are subordinate to other classes, and (iv) the complex structure of the security

may not be fully understood at the time of investment and may produce disputes with the issuer or unexpected investment results.

Collateralized Mortgage Obligations ("CMOs") are debt obligations of a legal entity that are collateralized by whole mortgage loans or private mortgage bonds and divided into classes. CMOs are structured into multiple classes, often referred to as "tranches", with each class bearing a different stated maturity and entitled to a different schedule for payments of principal and interest, including prepayments. CMOs may be less liquid and may exhibit greater price volatility than other types of mortgage-related or asset-backed securities.

Stripped Mortgage-Backed Securities ("SMBS") are derivative multi-class mortgage securities. SMBS are usually structured with two classes that receive different proportions of the interest and principal distributions on a pool of mortgage assets. An SMBS will have one class that will receive all of the interest (the interest-only or "IO" class), while the other class will receive the entire principal (the principal-only or "PO" class). Payments received for IOs are included in interest for distribution purposes on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Because no principal will be received at the maturity of an IO, adjustments are made to the cost of the security on a monthly basis until maturity. These adjustments are included in interest for distribution purposes on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Payments received for POs are treated as reductions to the cost and par value of the securities.

Payment In-Kind Securities The Fund may invest in payment in-kind securities ("PIKs"). PIKs give the issuer the option at each interest payment date of making interest payments in either cash or additional debt securities. Those additional debt securities usually have the same terms, including maturity dates and interest rates, and associated risks as the original bonds. The daily market quotations of the original bonds may include the accrued interest (referred to as a dirty price) and require a pro rata adjustment from the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments to interest receivable on the Statements of Financial Position.

**Perpetual Bonds** The Fund may invest in perpetual bonds. Perpetual bonds are fixed income securities with no maturity date but pay a coupon in perpetuity (with no specified ending or maturity date). Unlike typical fixed income securities, there is no obligation for perpetual bonds to repay principal. The coupon payments, however, are mandatory. While perpetual bonds have no maturity date, they may have a callable date in which the perpetuity is eliminated and the issuer may return the principal received on the specified call date. Additionally, a perpetual bond may have additional features, such as interest rate increases at periodic dates or an increase as of a predetermined point in the future.

Government Securities, Government Agencies or Government-**Sponsored Enterprises** The Fund may invest in Canadian Government securities. Canadian Government securities are obligations of, or guaranteed by, the Canadian Government, its agencies or government-sponsored enterprises. Canadian Government securities are subject to market and interest rate risk and may be subject to varying degrees of credit risk. Canadian Government securities include zero coupon securities, which tend to be subject to greater market risk than interest-paying securities of similar maturities.

The Fund may invest in securities of U.S. Government agencies or governmentsponsored enterprises. U.S. Government securities are obligations of and, in certain cases, guaranteed by, the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities. Some U.S. Government securities, such as Treasury bills, notes and bonds, and securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA" or "Ginnie Mae"), are supported by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government; others, such as those of the Federal Home Loan Banks, are supported by the right of the issuer to borrow from the U.S. Department of the Treasury (the "U.S. Treasury"); and others, such as those of the Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA" or "Fannie Mae"), are supported by the discretionary authority of the U.S. Government to purchase the agency's obligations. U.S. Government securities may include zero coupon securities. Zero coupon securities do not distribute interest on a current basis and tend to be subject to greater risk than interest-paying securities.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Cont.)

Government-related guarantors (i.e., not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government) include FNMA and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC" or "Freddie Mac"). FNMA is a government-sponsored corporation. FNMA purchases conventional (i.e., not insured or guaranteed by any government agency) residential mortgages from a list of approved seller/servicers which include state and federally chartered savings and loan associations, mutual savings banks, commercial banks and credit unions and mortgage bankers. Pass-through securities issued by FNMA are guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by FNMA, but are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. FHLMC issues Participation Certificates ("PCs"), which are pass-through securities, each representing an undivided interest in a pool of residential mortgages. FHLMC guarantees the timely payment of interest and ultimate collection of principal, but PCs are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government.

Warrants The Fund may receive warrants. Warrants are securities that are usually issued together with a debt security or preferred stock and that give the holder the right to buy a proportionate amount of common stock at a specified price. Warrants normally have a life that is measured in years and entitle the holder to buy common stock of a company at a price that is usually higher than the market price at the time the warrant is issued. Warrants may entail greater risks than certain other types of investments. Generally, warrants do not carry the right to receive dividends or exercise voting rights with respect to the underlying securities, and they do not represent any rights in the assets of the issuer. In addition, their value does not necessarily change with the value of the underlying securities, and they cease to have value if they are not exercised on or before their expiration date. If the market price of the underlying stock does not exceed the exercise price during the life of the warrant, the warrant will expire worthless. Warrants may increase the potential profit or loss to be realized from the investment as compared with investing the same amount in the underlying securities. Similarly, the percentage increase or decrease in the value of an equity security warrant may be greater than the percentage increase or decrease in the value of the underlying common stock. Warrants may relate to the purchase of equity or debt securities. Debt obligations with warrants attached to purchase equity securities have many characteristics of convertible securities and their prices may, to some degree, reflect the performance of the underlying stock. Debt obligations also may be issued with warrants attached to purchase additional debt securities at the same coupon rate. A decline in interest rates would permit the Fund to sell such warrants at a profit. If interest rates rise, these warrants would generally expire with no value.

## 6. BORROWINGS AND OTHER FINANCING TRANSACTIONS

The following disclosures contain information on the Fund's ability to lend or borrow cash or securities to the extent permitted, which may be viewed as borrowing or financing transactions by the Fund. The location of these instruments in the Fund's financial statements is described below. For a detailed description of credit and counterparty risks that can be associated with borrowings and other financing transactions, please see Note 8, Financial Instrument Risk.

(a) Committed Facility On September 28, 2021, consistent with its principal investment strategies, the Fund entered into a committed facility agreement (the facility agreement) with an Irish affiliate of a Canadian Schedule II bank ("the Lender"). The Fund is required to pledge portfolio securities as collateral in an amount up to two times the loan balance outstanding (or more depending on the terms of the facility agreement) and has granted a security interest in the securities pledged to, and in favor of, the Lender as security for the loan balance outstanding. If the Fund fails to meet certain requirements, or maintain other financial covenants required under the facility agreement, the Fund may be required to repay immediately, in part or in full, the loan balance outstanding under the facility agreement, necessitating the sale of portfolio securities at potentially inopportune times.

The facility resets daily based on combination of a SOFR-based variable rate plus a credit spread and the Fund pays the financing charges monthly. The maximum

commitment amount under the facility agreement is USD 150,000,000 or \$198,757,500 (CAD). The maximum amount borrowed under the facility during the years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 was USD 52,879,820, or \$73,151,298 (CAD) and USD 63,310,000, or \$80,483,000 (CAD), respectively. The minimum amount borrowed under the facility during the years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 was USD 28,927,671, or \$39,027,767 (CAD) and USD 26,610,000, or \$36,587,000 (CAD), respectively. The borrowed money was used for investment purposes consistent with the Fund's investment objective and strategies.

Borrowings outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are disclosed as payable for committed facility on the Statements of Financial Position. Interest paid by the Fund in relation to the borrowings are disclosed as part of interest expense on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

The Fund's borrowing activity under the agreement for the years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 were as follows (amounts in thousands†):

		rear ended ember 31, 2	023		Year ended December 31, 2022				
Ou	Average tstanding rincipal*	Average Rate of Interest	lr	nterest	Out	verage standing incipal*	Average Rate of Interest	lr	nterest
\$	53,195	6.16%	\$	3,299	\$	58,536	2.83%	\$	1,567

- A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.
- \* The average outstanding principal may be higher or lower than the commitment amount or outstanding principal at period end due to changes in the commitment amount during the period or borrowings and paydowns made during the period.

The Fund's borrowing activity under the agreement as of December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 were as follows (amounts in thousands†):

As of December 31, 2023						De	ecer	As of nber 31, 2	022
				Outstanding Principal					Outstanding Principal
Investment Pledged Collatera	as		standing rincipal	as a Percentage of Net Assets	Ple	estments edged as ollateral		tstanding rincipal	as a Percentage of Net Assets
\$ 90,29	90	\$	42,680	15.73%	\$	90,114	\$	64,193	24.37%

- $^{\scriptscriptstyle \dagger}$   $\,$  A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.
- (b) Master Forwards The Fund may enter into financial transactions referred to as 'master forwards'. A master forward transaction consists of a sale of a security by the Fund to a financial institution, the counterparty, with a separate agreement to repurchase the same or substantially the same security at an agreed-upon price and date. The Fund is not entitled to receive principal and interest payments, if any, made on the security sold to the counterparty during the term of the agreement. The agreed-upon proceeds for securities to be repurchased by the Fund are reflected as a liability on the Statements of Financial Position. The Fund will recognize net income represented by the price differential between the price received for the transferred security and the agreed-upon repurchase price. This is commonly referred to as the 'price drop'. A price drop consists of (i) the foregone interest and inflationary income adjustments, if any, the Fund would have otherwise received had the security not been sold and (ii) the negotiated financing terms between the Fund and counterparty. Foregone interest and inflationary income adjustments, if any, are recorded as components of interest income on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Interest payments based upon negotiated financing terms made by the Fund to counterparties are recorded as a component of interest expense on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. In periods of increased demand for the security, the Fund may receive a fee for use of the security by the counterparty, which may result in interest income to the Fund. The Fund will segregate assets determined to be liquid by the Manager or will otherwise cover its obligations under master forward transactions.

# 7. FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The following disclosures contain information on how and why the Fund uses financial derivative instruments, and how financial derivative instruments affect the Fund's financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

(a) Forward Foreign Currency Contracts The Fund may enter into forward foreign currency contracts in connection with settling planned purchases or sales of securities, to hedge the currency exposure associated with some or all of the Fund's securities or as a part of an investment strategy. A forward foreign currency contract is an agreement between two parties to buy and sell a currency at a set price on a future date. The fair value of a forward foreign currency contract fluctuates with changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Forward foreign currency contracts are marked to market daily and the change in value is recorded by the Fund as an unrealized gain (loss). Realized gains (losses) equal to the difference between the value of the contract at the time it was opened and the value at the time it was closed are recorded upon delivery or receipt of the currency. These contracts may involve market risk in excess of the unrealized gain (loss) reflected on the Statements of Financial Position. In addition, the Fund could be exposed to risk if the counterparties are unable to meet the terms of the contracts or if the value of the currency changes unfavorably to the Canadian dollar. To mitigate such risk, cash or securities may be exchanged as collateral pursuant to the terms of the underlying contracts.

**(b) Futures Contracts** The Fund may enter into futures contracts. Futures contracts are agreements to buy or sell a security or other asset for a set price on a future date and are traded on an exchange. The Fund may use futures contracts to manage its exposure to the securities markets or to movements in interest rates and currency values. The primary risks associated with the use of futures contracts are the imperfect correlation between the change in fair value of the securities held by the Fund and the prices of futures contracts and the possibility of an illiquid market. Futures contracts are valued based upon their quoted daily settlement prices. Upon entering into a futures contract, the Fund is required to deposit with its futures broker an amount of cash, or U.S. or Canadian Government and Agency Obligations, or select sovereign debt, in accordance with the initial margin requirements of the broker or exchange. Futures contracts are marked to market daily and based on such movements in the price of the contracts, an appropriate payable or receivable for the change in value may be posted or collected by the Fund ("Futures Variation Margin"). Futures Variation Margins, if any, are disclosed within centrally cleared financial derivative instruments on the Statements of Financial Position. Gains (losses) are recognized but not considered realized until the contracts expire or close. Futures contracts involve, to varying degrees, risk of loss in excess of the Futures Variation Margin included within exchange traded or centrally cleared financial derivative instruments on the Statements of Financial Position.

(c) Swap Agreements The Fund may invest in swap agreements. Swap agreements are bilaterally negotiated agreements between the Fund and a counterparty to exchange or swap investment cash flows, assets, foreign currencies or market-linked returns at specified, future intervals. Swap agreements may be privately negotiated in the over the counter market ("OTC swaps") or may be cleared through a third party, known as a central counterparty or derivatives clearing organization ("Centrally Cleared Swaps"). The Fund may enter into asset, credit default, cross-currency, interest rate, total return, variance and other forms of swap agreements to manage its exposure to credit, currency, interest rate, commodity, equity and inflation risk. In connection with these agreements, securities or cash may be identified as collateral or margin in accordance with the terms of the respective swap agreements to provide assets of value and recourse in the event of default or bankruptcy/insolvency.

Centrally Cleared Swaps are marked to market daily based upon valuations as determined from the underlying contract or in accordance with the requirements of the central counterparty or derivatives clearing organization. Changes in fair value, if any, are reflected as a component of net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Daily changes in valuation of centrally cleared swaps ("Swap Variation Margin"), if

any, are disclosed within exchange-traded, or centrally cleared financial derivative instruments on the Statements of Financial Position, OTC swap payments received or paid at the beginning of the measurement period are included on the Statements of Financial Position and represent premiums paid or received upon entering into the swap agreement to compensate for differences between the stated terms of the swap agreement and prevailing market conditions (credit spreads, currency exchange rates, interest rates, and other relevant factors). Upfront premiums received (paid) are initially recorded as liabilities (assets) and subsequently marked to market to reflect the current value of the swap. These upfront premiums are recorded as realized gain (loss) on the Statements of Comprehensive Income upon termination or maturity of the swap. A liquidation payment received or made at the termination of the swap is recorded as realized gain (loss) on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Net periodic payments received or paid by the Fund are included as part of derivative income (loss) on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

For purposes of applying the Fund's investment policies and restrictions, swap agreements are generally valued by the Fund at fair value. In the case of a credit default swap, in applying certain of the Fund's investment policies and restrictions, the Fund will value the credit default swap at its notional value or its full exposure value (i.e., the sum of the notional amount for the contract plus the fair value), but may value the credit default swap at fair value for purposes of applying certain of the Fund's other investment policies and restrictions. For example, the Fund may value credit default swaps at full exposure value for purposes of the Fund's credit quality guidelines (if any) because such value in general better reflects the Fund's actual economic exposure during the term of the credit default swap agreement. As a result, the Fund may, at times, have notional exposure to an asset class (before netting) that is greater or lesser than the stated limit or restriction noted in the Fund's prospectus. In this context, both the notional amount and the fair value may be positive or negative depending on whether the Fund is selling or buying protection through the credit default swap. The manner in which certain securities or other instruments are valued by the Fund for purposes of applying investment policies and restrictions may differ from the manner in which those investments are valued by other types of investors.

Entering into these agreements involves, to varying degrees, elements of interest, credit, market and documentation risk in excess of the amounts recognized on the Statements of Financial Position. Such risks involve the possibility that there will be no liquid market for these agreements, that the counterparty to the agreements may fail to perform or meet an obligation or disagree as to the meaning of contractual terms in the agreements and that there may be unfavorable changes in interest rates or the values of the asset upon which the swap is based.

The Fund's maximum risk of loss from counterparty credit risk is the discounted net value of the cash flows to be received from the counterparty over the contract's remaining life, to the extent that amount is positive. The risk may be mitigated by having a master netting arrangement between the Fund and the counterparty and by the posting of collateral to the Fund to cover the Fund's exposure to the counterparty.

**Credit Default Swap Agreements** The Fund may use credit default swaps on corporate, loan, sovereign, U.S. municipal or U.S. Treasury issues to provide a measure of protection against defaults of the issuers (i.e., to reduce risk where the Fund owns or has exposure to the referenced obligation) or to take an active long or short position with respect to the likelihood of a particular issuer's default. Credit default swap agreements involve one party making a stream of payments (referred to as the buyer of protection) to another party (the seller of protection) in exchange for the right to receive a specified return in the event that the referenced entity, obligation or index as specified in the swap agreement, undergoes a certain credit event. As a seller of protection on credit default swap agreements, the Fund will generally receive from the buyer of protection a fixed rate of income throughout the term of the swap provided that there is no credit event. As the seller, the Fund would effectively add leverage to its portfolio because, in addition to its total net assets, the Fund would be subject to investment exposure on the notional amount of the swap.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Cont.)

If the Fund is a seller of protection and a credit event occurs, as defined under the terms of that particular swap agreement, the Fund will either (i) pay to the buyer of protection an amount equal to the notional amount of the swap and take delivery of the referenced obligation, other deliverable obligations or underlying securities comprising the referenced index or (ii) pay a net settlement amount in the form of cash or securities equal to the notional amount of the swap less the recovery value of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index. If the Fund is a buyer of protection and a credit event occurs, as defined under the terms of that particular swap agreement, the Fund will either (i) receive from the seller of protection an amount equal to the notional amount of the swap and deliver the referenced obligation, other deliverable obligations or underlying securities comprising the referenced index or (ii) receive a net settlement amount in the form of cash or securities equal to the notional amount of the swap less the recovery value of the referenced obligation or underlying securities comprising the referenced index. Recovery values are estimated by market makers considering either industry standard recovery rates or entity specific factors and considerations until a credit event occurs. If a credit event has occurred, the recovery value is determined by a facilitated auction whereby a minimum number of allowable broker bids, together with a specified valuation method, are used to calculate the settlement value. The ability to deliver other obligations may result in a cheapest-to-deliver option (the buyer of protection's right to choose the deliverable obligation with the lowest value following a credit event).

Implied credit spreads, represented in absolute terms, utilized in determining the fair value of credit default swap agreements on corporate, loan, sovereign, U.S. municipal or U.S. Treasury issues serve as an indicator of the current status of payment/performance risk and represent the likelihood or risk of default for the reference entity. The implied credit spread of a particular referenced entity reflects the cost of buying/selling protection and may include upfront payments required to be made to enter into the agreement. Wider credit spreads represent a deterioration of the referenced entity's credit soundness and a greater likelihood or risk of default or other credit event occurring as defined under the terms of the agreement. For credit default swap agreements on asset-backed securities and credit indexes, the quoted market prices and resulting values serve as the indicator of the current status of the payment/ performance risk. Increasing fair values, in absolute terms when compared to the notional amount of the swap, represent a deterioration of the referenced entity's credit soundness and a greater likelihood or risk of default or other credit event occurring as defined under the terms of the agreement.

The maximum potential amount of future payments (undiscounted) that the Fund as a seller of protection could be required to make under a credit default swap agreement equals the notional amount of the agreement. Notional amounts of each individual credit default swap agreement outstanding as at period end for which the Fund is the seller of protection are disclosed in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio. These potential amounts would be partially offset by any recovery values of the respective referenced obligations, upfront payments received upon entering into the agreement, or net amounts received from the settlement of buy protection credit default swap agreements entered into by the Fund for the same referenced entity or entities.

Interest Rate Swap Agreements The Fund is subject to interest rate risk exposure in the normal course of pursuing its investment objectives. Because the Fund holds fixed rate bonds, the value of these bonds may decrease if interest rates rise. To help hedge against this risk and to maintain its ability to generate income at prevailing market rates, the Fund may enter into interest rate swap agreements. Interest rate swap agreements involve the exchange by the Fund with another party for their respective commitment to pay or receive interest on the notional amount of principal. Certain forms of interest rate swap agreements may include: (i) interest rate caps, under which, in return for a premium, one party agrees to make payments to the other to the extent that interest rates exceed a specified rate, or "cap," (ii) interest rate floors, under which, in return for a premium, one party agrees to make payments to the other to the extent that interest rates fall below a specified rate, or "floor," (iii) interest rate collars, under which a party sells a cap and purchases a floor or

vice versa in an attempt to protect itself against interest rate movements exceeding given minimum or maximum levels, (iv) callable interest rate swaps, under which the buyer pays an upfront fee in consideration for the right to early terminate the swap transaction in whole, at zero cost and at a predetermined date and time prior to the maturity date, (v) spreadlocks, which allow the interest rate swap users to lock in the forward differential (or spread) between the interest rate swap rate and a specified benchmark, or (vi) basis swaps, under which two parties can exchange variable interest rates based on different segments of money markets.

**Total Return Swap Agreements** The Fund may enter into total return swap agreements to gain or mitigate exposure to the underlying reference asset. Total return swap agreements involve commitments where single or multiple cash flows are exchanged based on the price of an underlying reference asset and on a fixed or variable interest rate. Total return swap agreements may involve commitments to pay interest in exchange for a market-linked return. One counterparty pays out the total return of a specific reference asset, which may include an underlying equity, index, or bond, and in return receives a fixed or variable rate. At the maturity date, a net cash flow is exchanged where the total return is equivalent to the return of the underlying reference asset less a financing rate, if any. As a receiver, the Fund would receive payments based on any net positive total return and would owe payments in the event of a net negative total return, and would receive payments in the event of a net negative total return, and would receive payments in the event of a net negative total return.

## 8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK

The main risks arising from the Fund's financial instruments are market risk (including interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, other price risk, and market disruption risk), liquidity risk, credit and counterparty risks, and LIBOR transition risk.

The significant financial instrument risks, to which the Fund is exposed, along with the specific risk management practices related to those risks, are presented below. Fund specific disclosures are presented in the "Financial Instrument Risk" section of the Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements.

Interest Rate Risk Interest rate risk is the risk that fixed income securities will fluctuate in value because of a change in interest rates. As nominal interest rates rise, the value of certain fixed income securities held by the Fund is likely to decrease. A nominal interest rate can be described as the sum of a real interest rate and an expected inflation rate. Interest rate changes can be sudden and unpredictable, and the Fund may lose money if these changes are not anticipated by the Fund's management. Fixed income securities with longer durations tend to be more sensitive to changes in interest rates, usually making them more volatile than securities with shorter durations. Duration is useful primarily as a measure of the sensitivity of a fixed income security's market price to interest rate (i.e. yield) movements.

**Foreign Currency Risk** If the Fund invests directly in foreign currencies or in securities that trade in, and receive revenues in, foreign currencies, or in financial derivative instruments that provide exposure to foreign currencies, it will be subject to the risk that those currencies will decline in value relative to the functional currency of the Fund, or, in the case of hedging positions, that the Fund's functional currency will decline in value relative to the currency being hedged. Currency rates in foreign countries may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time for a number of reasons, including changes in interest rates, intervention (or the failure to intervene) by Canada or foreign governments, central banks or supranational entities such as the International Monetary Fund, or by the imposition of currency controls or other political developments in Canada or abroad. As a result, the Fund's investments in foreign currency denominated securities may reduce the returns of the Fund.

**Other Price Risk** Other price risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices of financial instruments held. It represents the potential loss the Fund might suffer through holding market positions in the face of adverse price

movements (other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk). The Manager considers the asset allocation of the portfolios in order to minimize the risk associated with particular countries or industry sectors whilst continuing to follow the Fund's investment objectives.

Market Disruption Risk The Fund is subject to investment and operational risks associated with financial, economic and other global market developments and disruptions, including those arising from war, terrorism, market manipulation, government interventions, defaults and shutdowns, political changes or diplomatic developments, public health emergencies (such as the spread of infectious diseases, pandemics and epidemics) and natural/ environmental disasters, which can all negatively impact the securities markets and cause the Fund to lose value. Furthermore, events involving limited liquidity, defaults, non-performance or other adverse developments that affect financial institutions or the financial services industry generally, or concerns or rumors about any events of these kinds or other similar risks, have in the past and may in the future lead to market-wide liquidity problems. These events can also impair the technology and other operational systems upon which the Fund's service providers, including PIMCO as the Fund's investment adviser, rely, and could otherwise disrupt the Fund's service providers' ability to fulfill their obligations to the Fund.

Leverage Risk Leverage Risk is the risk that certain transactions of the Fund, such as committed facilities and/or dollar rolls, delayed delivery or forward commitment transactions, or derivative instruments, may give rise to leverage, magnifying gains and losses and causing the Fund to be more volatile than if it had not been leveraged. This means that leverage entails a heightened risk of loss.

**Liquidity Risk** The Fund's exposure to liquidity risk is primarily affected by the monthly redemption of units. The Fund's assets primarily comprise readily realizable securities, which can be readily sold.

Also, the Fund may be adversely affected when a large unitholder redeems large amounts of units, which can occur on any redemption date and may impact the Fund in the same manner as a high volume of redemption requests. Large unitholder transactions may impact the Fund's liquidity and net asset value. Such transactions may also increase the Fund's transaction costs or otherwise cause the Fund to perform differently than intended.

Current liabilities of borrowings and other financing transactions may consist of the fair value of repurchase agreements at period end. Liquidity risk exists when particular investments are difficult to purchase or sell. The Fund's investments in illiquid securities may reduce returns of the Fund because it may be unable to sell the illiquid securities at an advantageous time or price. Principal investment strategies that involve foreign securities, financial derivative instruments, or securities with substantial market and/or credit risk tend to have the greatest exposure to liquidity risk.

Current liabilities of financial derivative instruments may consist of the fair value of interest rate swaps, credit default swaps, cross-currency swaps, written options, and forward currency contracts as at period end. Financial derivative instruments are acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. As the instruments are not expected to be held to maturity or termination, the current fair value represents the estimated cash flow that may be required to dispose of the positions. Future cash flows of the Fund and realized liabilities may differ from current liabilities based on changes in market conditions.

The Manager manages liquidity risk by monitoring the Fund's investment portfolio and considering investments deemed to be illiquid or not readily and easily sold, to ensure there are sufficient liquid assets to cover the outstanding liabilities of the Fund.

Credit and Counterparty Risks The Fund will be exposed to credit risk to parties with whom it trades and will also bear the risk of settlement default. The Fund minimizes concentrations of credit risk by undertaking transactions with a large number of customers and counterparties on recognized and

reputable exchanges, where applicable. Over the counter ("OTC") derivative transactions are subject to the risk that a counterparty to the transaction will not fulfill its contractual obligations to the other party, as many of the protections afforded to centrally cleared derivative transactions might not be available for OTC derivative transactions. For derivatives traded on an exchange or through a central counterparty, credit risk resides with the creditworthiness of the Fund's clearing broker, or the clearinghouse itself, rather than to a counterparty in an OTC derivative transaction. Changes in regulation relating to an investment fund's use of derivatives and related instruments could potentially limit or impact the Fund's ability to invest in derivatives, limit the Fund's ability to employ certain strategies that use derivatives and/or adversely affect the value or performance of derivatives and the Fund. The Fund could lose money if the issuer or guarantor of a fixed income security, or the counterparty to a financial derivative instruments contract, reverse repurchase agreement or a loan of portfolio securities, is unable or unwilling to make timely principal and/or interest payments, or to otherwise honor its obligations. Securities are subject to varying degrees of credit risk, which are often reflected in credit ratings.

Similar to credit risk, the Fund may be exposed to counterparty risk, or the risk that an institution or other entity with which the Fund has unsettled or open transactions will default. Financial assets, which potentially expose the Fund to counterparty risk, consist principally of cash due from counterparties and investments. PIMCO minimizes counterparty risks to the Fund by performing extensive reviews of each counterparty and obtaining approval from the PIMCO Counterparty Risk Committee prior to entering into transactions with a third party. Furthermore, to the extent that unpaid amounts owed to the Fund exceeds a predetermined threshold agreed to with the counterparty, such counterparty shall advance collateral to the Fund in the form of cash or cash equivalents equal in value to the unpaid amount owed to the Fund. The Fund may invest such collateral in securities or other instruments and will typically pay interest to the counterparty on the collateral received. If the unpaid amount owed to the Fund subsequently decreases, the Fund would be required to return to the counterparty all or a portion of the collateral previously advanced to the Fund. PIMCO's attempts to minimize counterparty risk may, however, be unsuccessful.

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved counterparties. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the Fund has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been delivered by the counterparty. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.

LIBOR Transition Risk LIBOR Transition Risk is the risk related to the anticipated discontinuation and replacement of the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). Certain instruments held by a Fund rely or relied in some fashion upon LIBOR. Although the transition process away from LIBOR for most instruments has been completed, some LIBOR use is continuing and there are potential effects related to the transition away from LIBOR or the continued use of LIBOR on a Fund, or on certain instruments in which the Fund invests, which can be difficult to ascertain and could result in losses to the Fund.

# 9. MASTER NETTING ARRANGEMENTS

The Fund may be subject to various netting arrangements ("Master Agreements") with select counterparties. These Master Agreements reduce the counterparty risk associated with relevant transactions by specifying credit protection mechanisms and providing standardization that improves legal certainty. Since different types of transactions have different mechanics and are sometimes traded out of different legal entities of a particular organization, each type of transaction may be covered by a different Master Agreement resulting in the need for multiple agreements with a single counterparty. As the Master Agreements are specific to unique operations of different asset types, they allow the Fund to close out and net their total exposure to a counterparty in the event of a default with respect to the transactions governed under a single agreement with a counterparty.

# Notes to Financial Statements (Cont.)

Master Agreements can also help limit counterparty risk by specifying collateral posting arrangements at pre-arranged exposure levels. Under the Master Agreements, collateral is routinely transferred if the total net exposure to certain transactions (net of existing collateral already in place) governed under the relevant Master Agreement with a counterparty in a given account exceeds a specified threshold, which typically ranges from zero to USD 250,000 depending on the counterparty and the type of Master Agreement. United States Treasury Bills and U.S. dollar cash are generally the preferred forms of collateral, although other forms of AAA rated paper may be used. The Fund's overall exposure to counterparty risk can change substantially within a short period, as it is affected by each transaction subject to the relevant Master Agreement.

Master Repurchase Agreements and Global Master Repurchase Agreements (individually and collectively "Master Repo Agreements") govern transactions between the Fund and select counterparties. The Master Repo Agreements maintain provisions for, among other things, initiation, income payments, events of default, and maintenance of collateral for repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements.

Master Securities Forward Transaction Agreements ("Master Forward Agreements") govern the considerations and factors surrounding the settlement of certain forward settling transactions, such as TBA securities or delayed-delivery transactions by and between the Fund and select counterparties. The Master Forward Agreements maintain provisions for, among other things, initiation and confirmation, payment and transfer, events of default, termination, and maintenance of collateral. The fair value of forward settling transactions, collateral pledged or received, and the net exposure by counterparty as of period end is disclosed in the Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements.

Customer Account Agreements and related addendums govern cleared derivatives transactions such as futures, options on futures, and cleared OTC derivatives. Cleared derivative transactions require posting of initial margin as determined by each relevant clearing agency which is segregated at a broker account registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC), or the applicable regulator. Counterparty risk is significantly reduced as creditors of the futures broker do not have claim to Fund assets in the segregated account. Additionally, portability of exposure in the event of default further reduces risk to the Fund. Variation margin, or changes in fair value, are exchanged daily, but may not be netted between futures and cleared OTC derivatives. The fair value or accumulated unrealized appreciation (depreciation), initial margin posted, and any unsettled variation margin as of period end is disclosed in the Fund Specific Notes to Financial Statements.

International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. Master Agreements ("ISDA Master Agreements") govern OTC financial derivative transactions entered into by the Fund and select counterparties. The ISDA Master Agreements maintain provisions for general obligations, representations, agreements, collateral and events of default or termination. Events of termination include conditions that may entitle counterparties to elect to terminate early and cause settlement of all outstanding transactions under the applicable ISDA Master Agreement. Any election to terminate early could be material to the financial statements. The ISDA Master Agreement may contain additional provisions that add counterparty protection beyond coverage of existing daily exposure if the counterparty has a decline in credit quality below a predefined level or as required by regulation. Similarly, if required by regulation, the Fund may be required to post additional collateral beyond coverage of daily exposure. These amounts, if any, may (or if required by law, will) be segregated with a third-party custodian. To the extent the Fund is required by regulation to post additional collateral beyond coverage of daily exposure, it could potentially incur costs, including in procuring eligible assets to meet collateral requirements, associated with such posting. The fair value of OTC financial derivative instruments, collateral received or pledged, and net exposure by counterparty as of period end are disclosed in the Notes to Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

## 10. REDEEMABLE UNITS

The Class A Units commenced trading on the TSX on June 17, 2021 under the symbol PTO.UN.

The Fund does not have a fixed monthly distribution amount. The Fund intends to make monthly cash distributions to Unitholders of record on the last business day of each month. Distributions will be paid on a Business Day designated by the Manager that will be no later than the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the following month for which the distribution is payable (each, a "Distribution Payment Date").

The Fund is authorized to issue an unlimited number of transferable, redeemable units, issuable in such classes as the Manager may determine which evidence the proportionate ownership interest of a unitholder in the capital of the Fund.

Class A Units may at the option of the Unitholders be surrendered for redemption on the monthly redemption date. Class A Units, if redeemed, will be redeemed at a redemption price per Class A Unit, if any, equal to the lesser of (i) 94% of the average market price and (ii) 100% of the closing market price of a Class A Unit on the applicable monthly redemption date, less, in each case, any costs associated with the redemption including commissions and such other costs, if any.

The Fund has adopted a Distribution Reinvestment Plan (the "Reinvestment Plan") which allows Unitholders to reinvest cash distributions in additional Class A Units of the Fund. TSX Trust Company (the "Plan Agent"), serves as the agent for the Unitholders in administering the Reinvestment Plan. The Reinvestment Plan commenced in respect of the distributions on August 31, 2021.

Under the Reinvestment Plan, all cash distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional Class A Units on behalf of those Unitholders who are residents of Canada for purposes of the Tax Act or that are Canadian partnerships (as defined in the Tax Act) and elect to participate in the Reinvestment Plan ("Plan Participant"). For each Fund distribution, the Plan Agent will acquire Class A Units on behalf of Plan Participants either (i) through receipt of newly issued Class A Units by the Fund from treasury ("newly issued units") or (ii) by purchasing Class A Units of the Fund on the open market.

If, on a distribution payment date, the NAV per Class A Unit of the Fund determined on the previous business day is equal to or less than the market price per Class A Units plus estimated brokerage fees and commissions, the Plan Agent will invest the distribution amount on behalf of Plan Participants in newly issued units at a price equal to the greater of (i) NAV or (ii) 95% of the market price per Class A Units on the distribution payment date.

If the NAV is greater than the market price per Class A Units plus estimated brokerage fees and commissions on the distribution payment date, the Plan Agent will purchase the Class A Units on the TSX (or such other exchange or market on which the Class A Units are trading) except the Plan Agent will endeavor to terminate purchases in the open market and cause the Fund to issue the remaining Class A Units if, following commencement of the purchases, the market price, plus brokerage fees and commissions, exceeds the NAV per Class A Unit.

Applicable brokerage fees and commissions incurred in connection with purchases of Units made in the market pursuant to the Reinvestment Plan will be paid by and from the accounts of Plan Participants.

The Class A Units purchased in the market or newly issued from the Fund will be allocated on a pro rata basis to the Plan Participants. The Fund will not issue fractional Class A Units. Accordingly, Plan Participants will not be permitted to reinvest the portion of a cash distribution that would otherwise result in fractional Class A Units being issued. In such circumstances, the Plan Participants will be paid the portion of the cash distribution that is not reinvested. No certificates representing Class A Units issued or purchased pursuant to the Reinvestment Plan will be issued.

The Manager will be able to terminate the Reinvestment Plan, in its sole discretion, upon not less than 30 days' notice to the Plan Participants (via the Plan Participants through which the Unitholders hold their Class A Units) and the Plan Agent. The Manager will also be able to amend, modify or suspend the Reinvestment Plan at any time in its sole discretion, provided that it gives notice of that amendment, modification or suspension to Unitholders, which notice may be given by the Fund by issuing a press release. The Fund will not be required to issue Class A Units into any jurisdiction where that issuance would be contrary to applicable laws.

International Accounting Standard 32: Financial Instruments: Presentation (IAS 32) outlines the accounting requirements for the presentation of financial instruments, particularly as to the classification of such instruments into financial assets, financial liabilities and equity instruments. The Fund's outstanding redeemable units' entitlements include multiple redemption features, and therefore there are multiple contractual obligations. Consequently, the Fund's outstanding redeemable units are classified as financial liabilities in accordance with the requirements of IAS 32.

The following is a summary of the closing market price and fair value of the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units at closing market price as at year end:

	Dec	As at ember 31, 2023	As at December 31, 2022		
Closing market price	\$	6.72	\$	7.15	
Fair value of the net asset attributable to holders of redeemable units at closing market price	\$	231,681,865	\$	246,506,746	

# 11. FUND MANAGEMENT AND FEES

An annual management fee equal to 1.30% of the Total Assets of the Fund attributable to the Class A Units is paid to the Manager by the Fund which is calculated and accrued daily and paid monthly. On behalf of the Fund, the Manager provides and/or procures investment advisory and administration services including custodial, portfolio accounting, trustee, routine legal, transfer agent and printing services. The Manager will pay all of the operating expenses for the Fund, other than borrowing, interest and portfolio execution costs and taxes, the fees and expenses of the Independent Review Committee ("IRC"), extraordinary expenses, including litigation expenses of the Fund, and any new fees or expenses payable by the Fund and any costs and expenses relating to the issuance of additional units, including without limitation, additional units issued pursuant to an "at-the-market distribution".

The Fund is required to pay applicable goods and services taxes, harmonized sales taxes, and may be required to pay Quebec sales taxes, on management fees and certain fund costs based on the province or territory of residence of the investors in the Fund.

The Fund pays a proportionate share of the total compensation paid to the IRC each year and reimburses members of the IRC for expenses incurred by them in connection with their services as members of the IRC. The Fund's share of the IRC's compensation and expenses, if any, are disclosed in the Fund's financial statements.

# 12. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

The Manager is a related party as defined by IAS 24: Related Party Disclosures. Fees payable to this party are disclosed in Note 11, Fund Management and Fees. The Fund is permitted to purchase or sell securities from or to certain related affiliated funds or portfolios under specified conditions outlined in procedures adopted by the IRC. The procedures have been designed to mitigate potential conflicts of interest that may arise from a purchase or sale of securities by the Fund from or to another investment fund managed by PIMCO Canada. During the years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Fund engaged in purchases and sales of securities among affiliated funds (amounts in thousands†):

	Yea Decemb	r ende oer 31,		Year ended December 31, 2022			
	Purchases Sales			Purchases Sales			
PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund	\$ 0	\$	3,517	\$	0	\$	52,389

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

# 13. BROKER COMMISSIONS AND SOFT DOLLAR CONTRACTS

The brokerage commissions incurred for the Fund for the years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are as follows (amounts in thousands†):

	Year ended December 31, 2023	Year ended December 31, 2022
PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund	\$ 0	\$ 0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

Soft dollar commissions are arrangements under which products or services other than execution of securities transactions are obtained by an adviser from or through a broker-dealer in exchange for the direction by the adviser of client brokerage transactions to the broker-dealer. All brokerage commissions incurred by the Fund are used to pay for trade execution only and no soft dollar arrangements exist.

#### 14. TAXATION

The Fund is a mutual fund trust as defined in the Income Tax Act (Canada). All net income for tax purposes and taxable net realized capital gains will be paid or made payable to the Unitholders in the calendar year and will eliminate any liability for Part I Tax for the Fund. As a result the Fund does not record income taxes. Since the Fund does not record income taxes, deferred income tax assets or liabilities related to capital and non-capital losses and other temporary differences have not been reflected in the Statements of Financial Position.

Capital losses realized by the Fund may be carried forward indefinitely and used to reduce future taxable capital gains. Non-capital losses may be carried forward up to twenty years and used to reduce future taxable income or taxable capital gains. As at the taxation year-end of December 15, 2023, the Fund had no unused non-capital losses and have the following capital losses that are carried forward (amounts in thousands†):

> December 15, 2023 \$ 53,111

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the PIMCO Tactical Income Opportunities Fund declared a notional supplemental income distribution of \$0.0165 and \$0.2201, respectively, per Unit to all unitholders who held units of the Fund on the record date of December 29, 2023 and December 30, 2022. A notional distribution results in the Fund declaring a distribution of additional units not cash, then completing a concurrent unit consolidation such that the number of units outstanding after a consolidation is identical to the Units held before the distribution was paid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> A zero balance may reflect actual amounts rounding to less than one thousand.

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BCY	Barclays Capital, Inc.	CBK	Citibank N.A.	MBC	HSBC Bank Plc
BOA	Bank of America N.A.	GLM	Goldman Sachs Bank USA	RBC	Royal Bank of Canada
BPS	BNP Paribas S.A.	GST	Goldman Sachs International	TOR	The Toronto-Dominion Bank
BRC	Barclays Bank PLC	JPM	JP Morgan Chase Bank N.A.	UBS	UBS Securities LLC

# **Currency Abbreviations:**

CAD (or \$)	Canadian Dollar	GBP	British Pound	USD	United States Dollar
EUR	Euro				

# **Exchange Abbreviations:**

OTC Over the Counter

# Index/Spread Abbreviations:

SOFR Secured Overnight Financing Rate SONIO Sterling Overnight Interbank Average Rate

# Other Abbreviations:

ABS	Asset-Backed Security	LIBOR	London Interbank Offered Rate	TBA	To-Be-Announced
CLO	Collateralized Loan Obligation	OIS	Overnight Index Swap	TBD	To-Be-Determined
DAC	Designated Activity Company	PIK	Payment-in-Kind	TBD%	Interest rate to be determined when loan settles or at
FURIROR	Furo Interhank Offered Rate				the time of funding

# **General Information**

# Manager

PIMCO Canada Corp. 199 Bay Street, Suite 2050 Commerce Court Station P.O. Box 363 Toronto, Ontario M5L 1G2

# **Investment Sub-Adviser**

Pacific Investment Management Company LLC 650 Newport Center Drive Newport Beach, California 92660 U.S.A.

# **Custodian and Trustee**

State Street Trust Company Canada 30 Adelaide Street East Suite 1100 Toronto, Ontario M5C 3G6

# **Transfer Agent and Registrar**

TSX Trust Company 301 - 100 Adelaide Street West Toronto, ON M5H 4H1

# **Auditor**

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP PwC Tower 18 York Street Suite 2500 Toronto, Ontario M5J 0B2



# PIMCO

Caution Regarding Forward Looking Notes. This document may contain forward-looking statements about the Fund (including its performance, strategies, risks, prospects, condition and actions) and other anticipated future events, results, circumstances and expectations. Speculation or stated beliefs about future events, such as market and economic conditions, security performance or other projections are "forward-looking statements". Forward-looking statements may include statements that are predictive in nature, depend upon or refer to future events or conditions, or include words such as "may", "will", "should", "expects", "anticipates", "intends", "plans", "believes", "estimates", "predicts", "suspect", "potential" or "continue", "forecast", "objective", "preliminary", "typical", and other similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including, without limitation, general economic, political and market factors in North America and internationally, interest and foreign exchange rates, the volatility of global equity and capital markets, business competition, technological change, changes in government regulations, changes in tax laws, unexpected judicial or regulatory proceedings, catastrophic events. The foregoing list of important risks that may affect future results is not exhaustive. We caution you not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and actual events could differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward looking statements. All opinions contained in forward-looking statements are subject to change without notice and are provided in good faith but without legal responsibility. There is no specific intention of updating any forward looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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